



British
Geological
Survey



MONTHLY MAGNETIC BULLETIN

Fort McMurray Observatory

June 2022



Fort McMurray Observatory magnetic data

1. Introduction

The British Geological Survey (BGS) now operate or assist in the operation of six overseas geomagnetic observatories. The most recently established of these, Fort McMurray Observatory, is a joint venture between BGS and Sperry Drilling, Halliburton Group Canada in support of directional drilling programmes. The installation was carried out in December 2014 and the earliest data and data products are available from January 2015.

This bulletin is published to provide rapid access to the provisional geomagnetic observatory results. The information is freely available for personal, academic, educational and non-commercial research or use. Magnetic observatory data are presented as a series of plots of one-minute, hourly and daily values, followed by tabulations of monthly values. The operation of the observatory and presentation of data are described in the rest of this section.

Enquiries about the data should be addressed to:

Geomagnetism Team
British Geological Survey
The Lyell Centre
Research Avenue South
Edinburgh EH14 4AP
Scotland, UK

Tel: +44 (0) 131 667 1000
Email: enquiries@bgs.ac.uk
Internet: geomag.bgs.ac.uk

2. Position

Fort McMurray Observatory is situated on Halliburton land, to the south of the town of Fort McMurray in Alberta, Canada. The observatory co-ordinates are:

Geographic: 56° 35'52.8"N 248° 41'06.0"E
Geomagnetic: 63° 17'13.2"N 310° 05'56.4"E
Height above mean sea level: 386 m

The geographical co-ordinates and altitude were determined by a surveying company using a differential GPS and reference station. Data were provided in GPS co-ordinates to UTM 12 NAD83: Ellipsoid GRS1980, and converted to WGS84 by BGS. The geomagnetic co-ordinates are approximations, calculated using the 13th generation International Geomagnetic

Reference Field (IGRF) at epoch 2022.5. On-line access to models (including IGRF), charts and navigational data are available at geomag.bgs.ac.uk/data_service/models_compass/home

3. The observatory operation

3.1 GDAS

The observatory operates under the control of the Geomagnetic Data Acquisition System (GDAS), which was developed by BGS staff, installed and became fully operational from December 2014. The data acquisition software, running on QNX operated computers, controls the data logging and the communications.

There are two sets of sensors used for making magnetic measurements. A tri-axial linear-core fluxgate magnetometer, manufactured by DTU Space at the Technical University of Denmark, is used to measure the variations in the horizontal (H) and vertical (Z) components of the field. The third sensor is oriented perpendicular to these, and measures variations, which are proportional to the changes in declination (D). Measurements are made at a rate of 1 Hz.

In addition to the fluxgate sensors, a GEM Systems GSM-90 Overhauser magnetometer makes measurements of the absolute total field intensity (F) every 5 seconds.

The raw unfiltered data are retrieved automatically via Internet connections to the BGS office in Edinburgh in near real-time. The fluxgate data are filtered to produce one-minute values using a 61-point cosine filter and the total field intensity samples are filtered using a 13-point cosine filter

3.2 Absolute observations

The GDAS fluxgate magnetometers accurately measure variations in the components of the geomagnetic field, but not the absolute magnitudes. Two sets of absolute measurements of the field are made manually twice per month. A fluxgate sensor mounted on a theodolite is used to determine D and inclination (I); the GDAS PPM measurements, with a site difference correction applied, are used for F . The absolute observations are used in conjunction with the GDAS variometer measurements to produce a continuous record of the absolute values of the geomagnetic field elements as if they had been measured at the observatory reference pillar.

4. Observatory results

The data presented in the bulletin are in the form of plots and tabulations described in the following sections.

4.1 Absolute observations

The absolute observation measurements made during the month are tabulated. Also included are the corresponding baseline values, which are the differences between the absolute measurements and the variometer measurements of D , H and Z (in the sense absolute-variometer). These are also plotted (markers) along with the derived preliminary daily baseline values (line) throughout the year. Daily mean differences between the measured absolute F and the F computed from the baseline corrected H and Z values are plotted in the fourth panel (in the sense measured-derived). The bottom panel shows the daily mean temperature in the fluxgate chamber.

4.2 Summary magnetograms

Small-scale magnetograms are plotted which allow the month's data to be viewed at a glance. They are plotted 16 days to a page and show the one-minute variations in D , H and Z . The scales are shown on the right-hand side of the page. On disturbed days the scales are multiplied by a factor, which is indicated above the panel for that day. The variations are centred on the monthly mean value, shown on the left side of the page.

4.3 Magnetograms

The daily magnetograms are plotted using one-minute values of D , H and Z from the fluxgate sensors. The magnetograms are plotted to a variable scale; scale bars are shown to the right of each plot. The absolute level (the monthly mean value) is indicated on the left side of the plots.

4.4 Hourly mean value plots

Hourly mean values of D , H and Z for the past 12 months are plotted in 27-day segments corresponding to the Bartels solar rotation number. Magnetic disturbances associated with active regions and/or coronal holes on the Sun may recur after 27 days: the same is true for geomagnetically quiet intervals. Plotting the data in this way highlights this recurrence. Diurnal variations are also clear in these plots and the amplitude changes throughout the year highlight the seasonal changes. Longer term secular variation is also illustrated.

4.5 Daily and monthly mean values

Daily mean values of D , H , Z and F are plotted throughout the year. In addition, a table of monthly mean values of all the geomagnetic elements is provided. These values depend on accurate specification of the fluxgate sensor baselines. It is anticipated that these provisional values will not be altered by more than a few nT or tenths of arcminutes before being made definitive at the end of the year.

5. Conditions of use

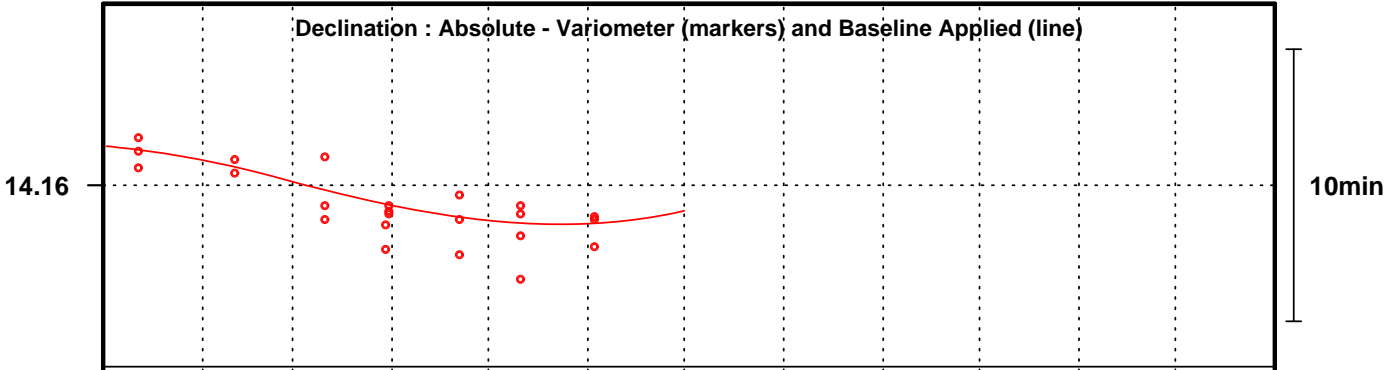
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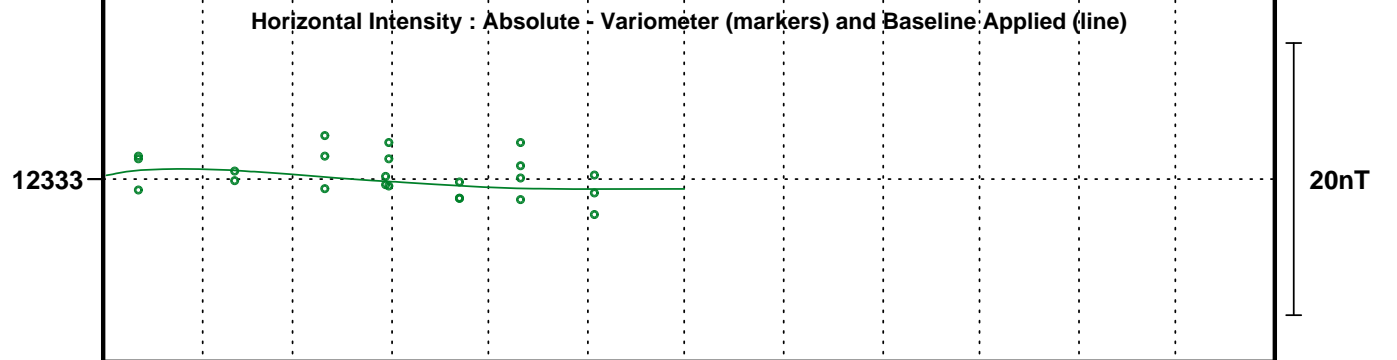
Commercial users can contact the geomagnetism team for information on the range of applications and services offered. Full contact details are available at geomag.bgs.ac.uk/contactus/staff

Fort McMurray 2022

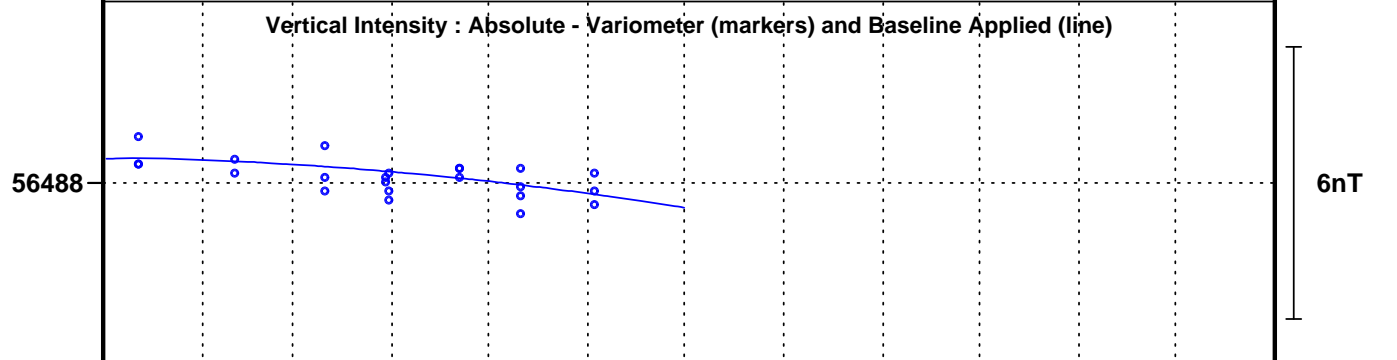
Declination : Absolute - Variometer (markers) and Baseline Applied (line)



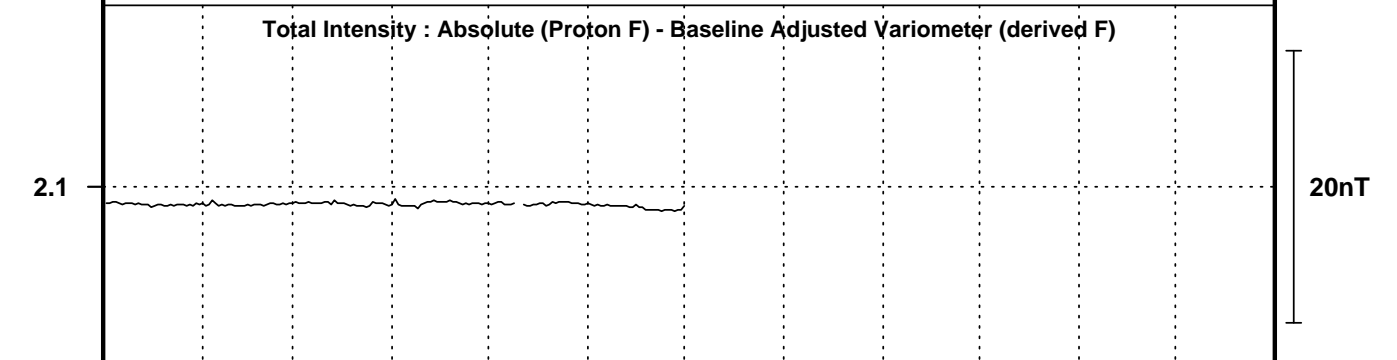
Horizontal Intensity : Absolute - Variometer (markers) and Baseline Applied (line)



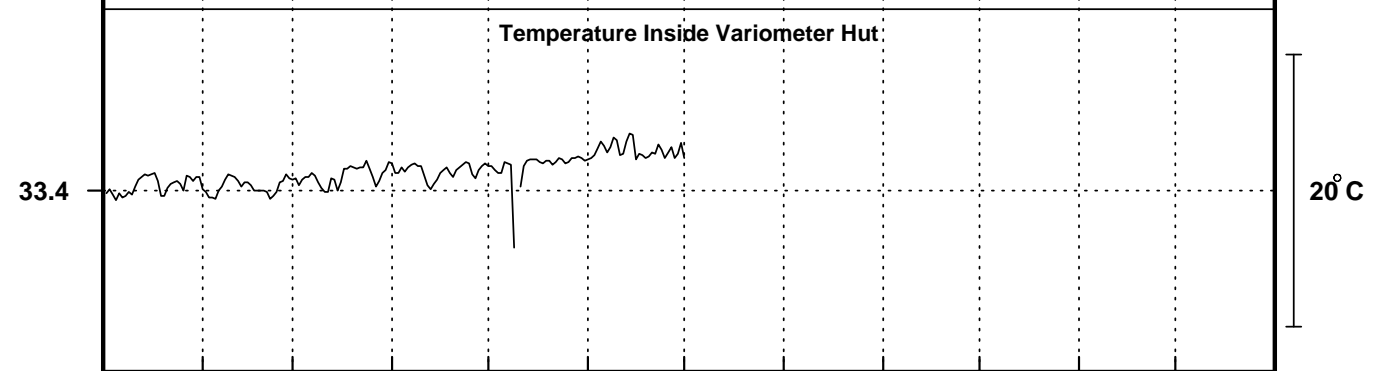
Vertical Intensity : Absolute - Variometer (markers) and Baseline Applied (line)



Total Intensity : Absolute (Proton F) - Baseline Adjusted Variometer (derived F)



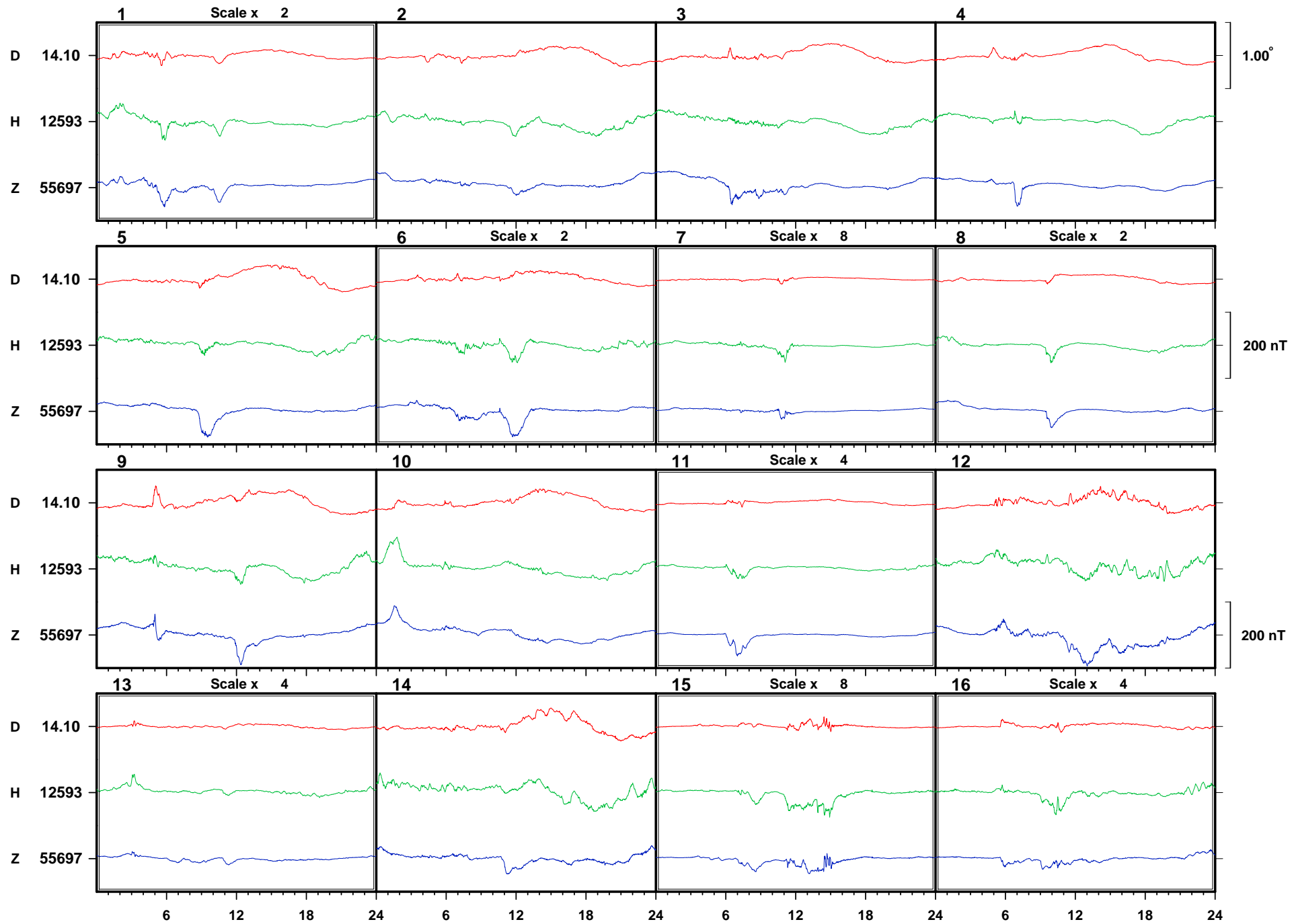
Temperature Inside Variometer Hut

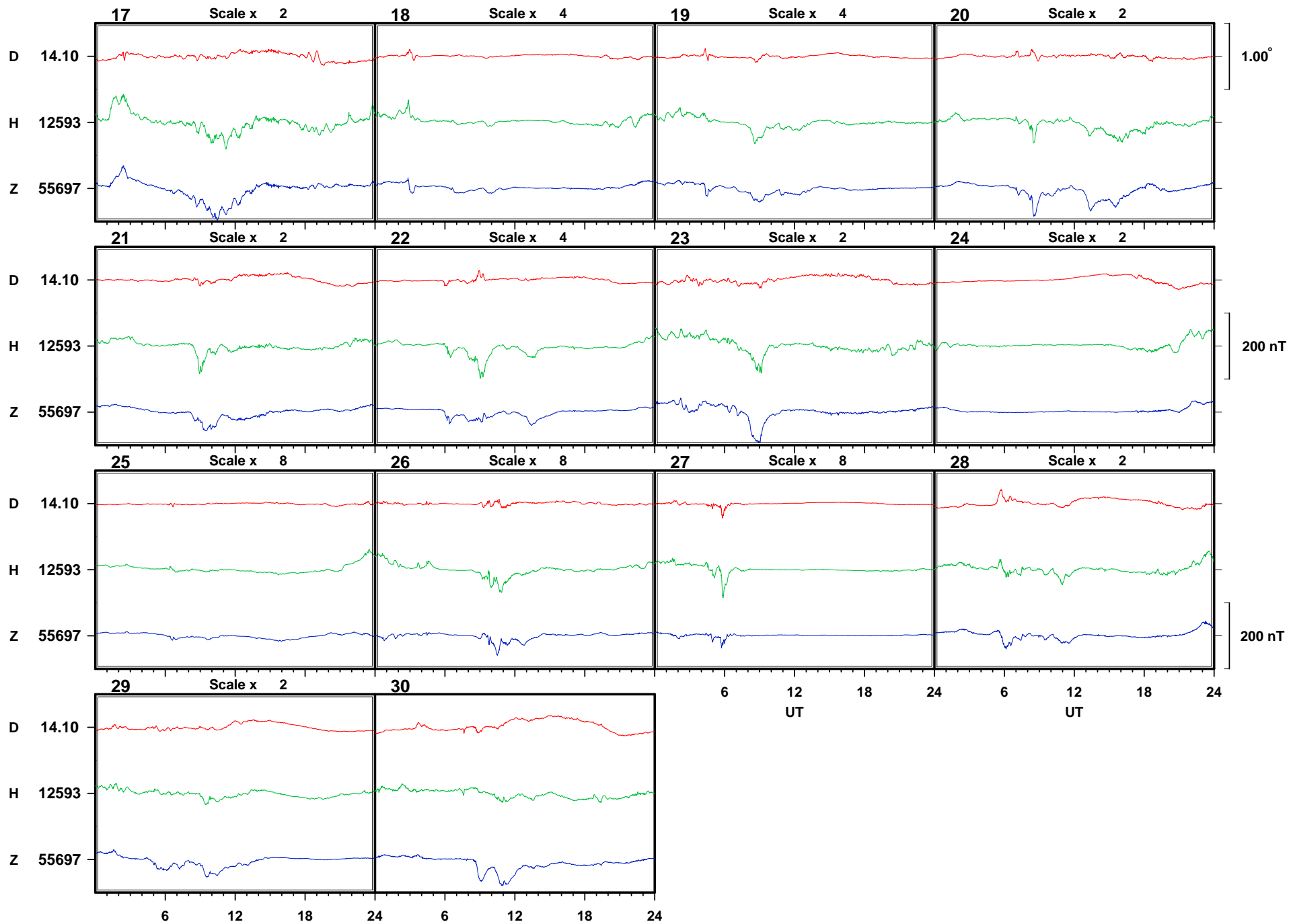


Fort McMurray

June

2022





Fort McMurray

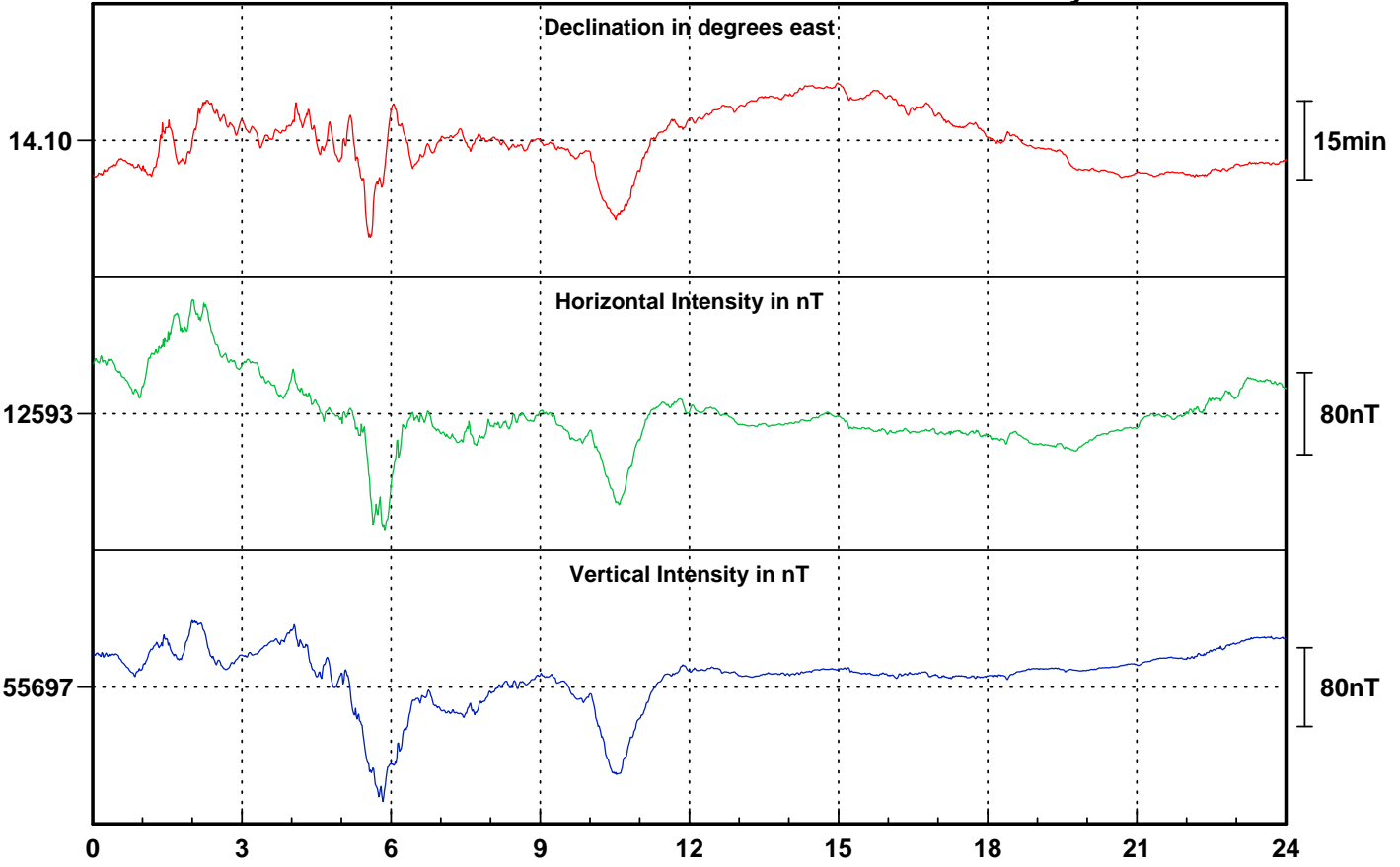
June

2022

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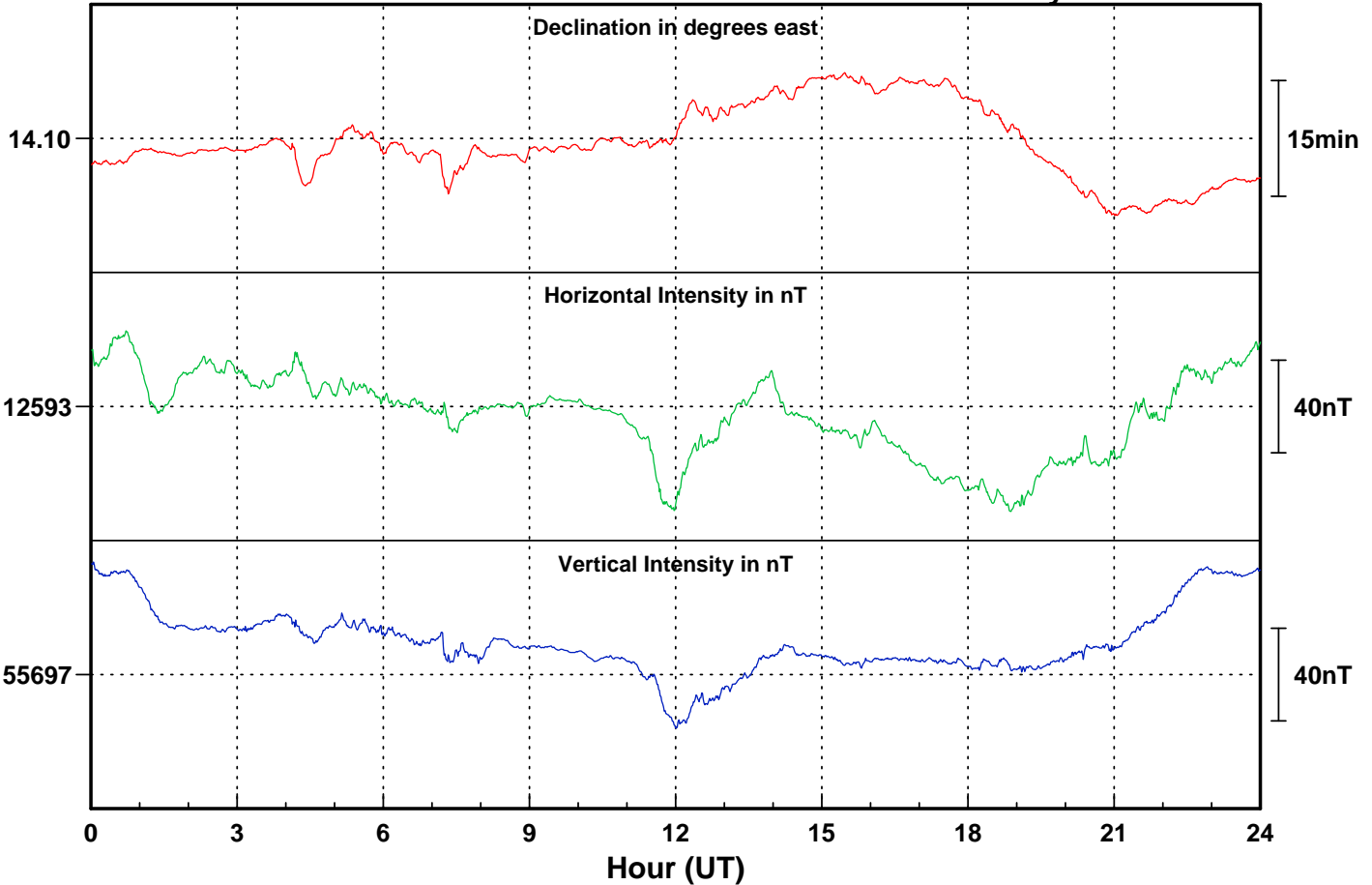
Fort McMurray

Day number: 152



Date: 02-06-2022

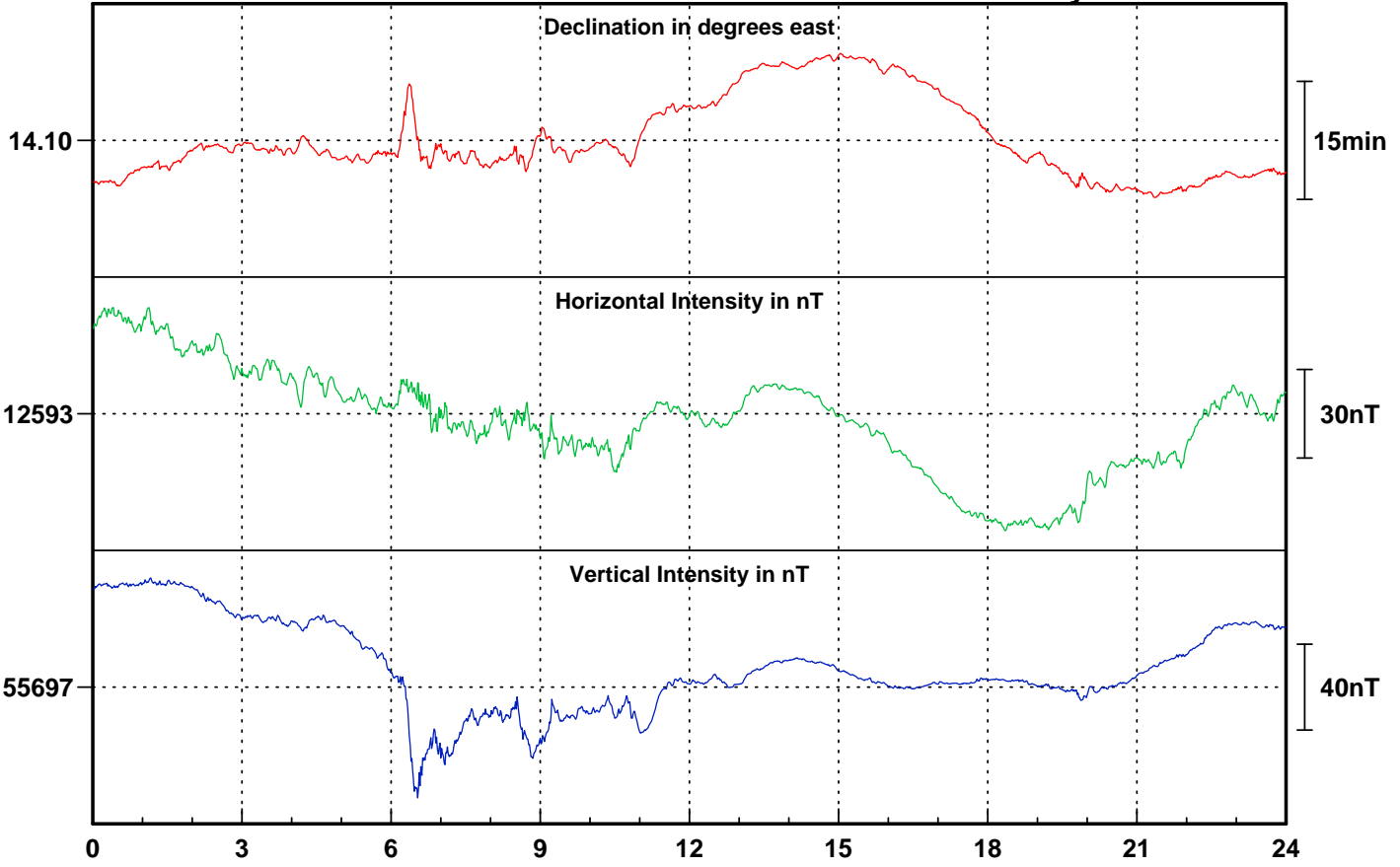
Day number: 153



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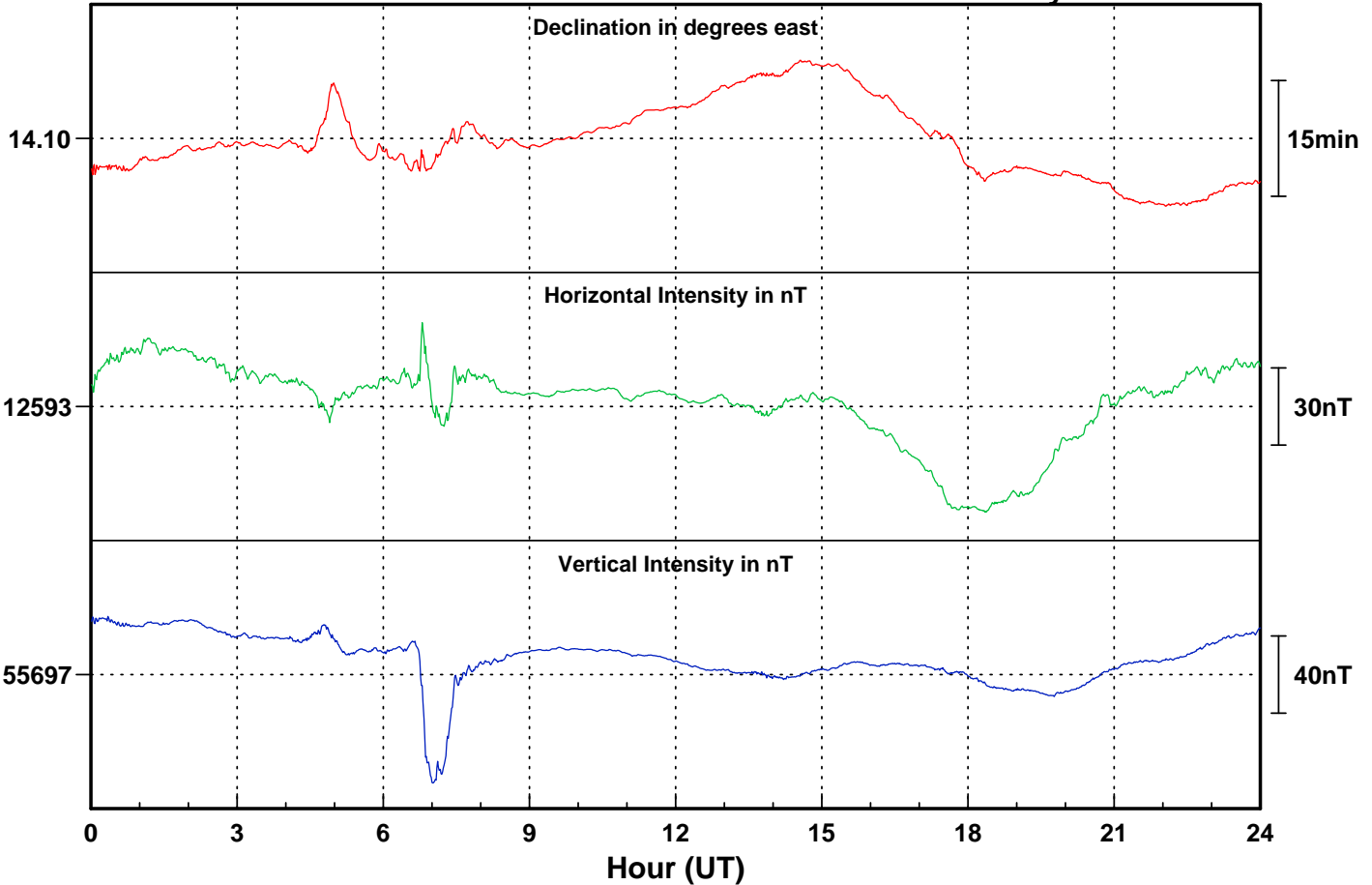
Fort McMurray

Day number: 154



Date: 04-06-2022

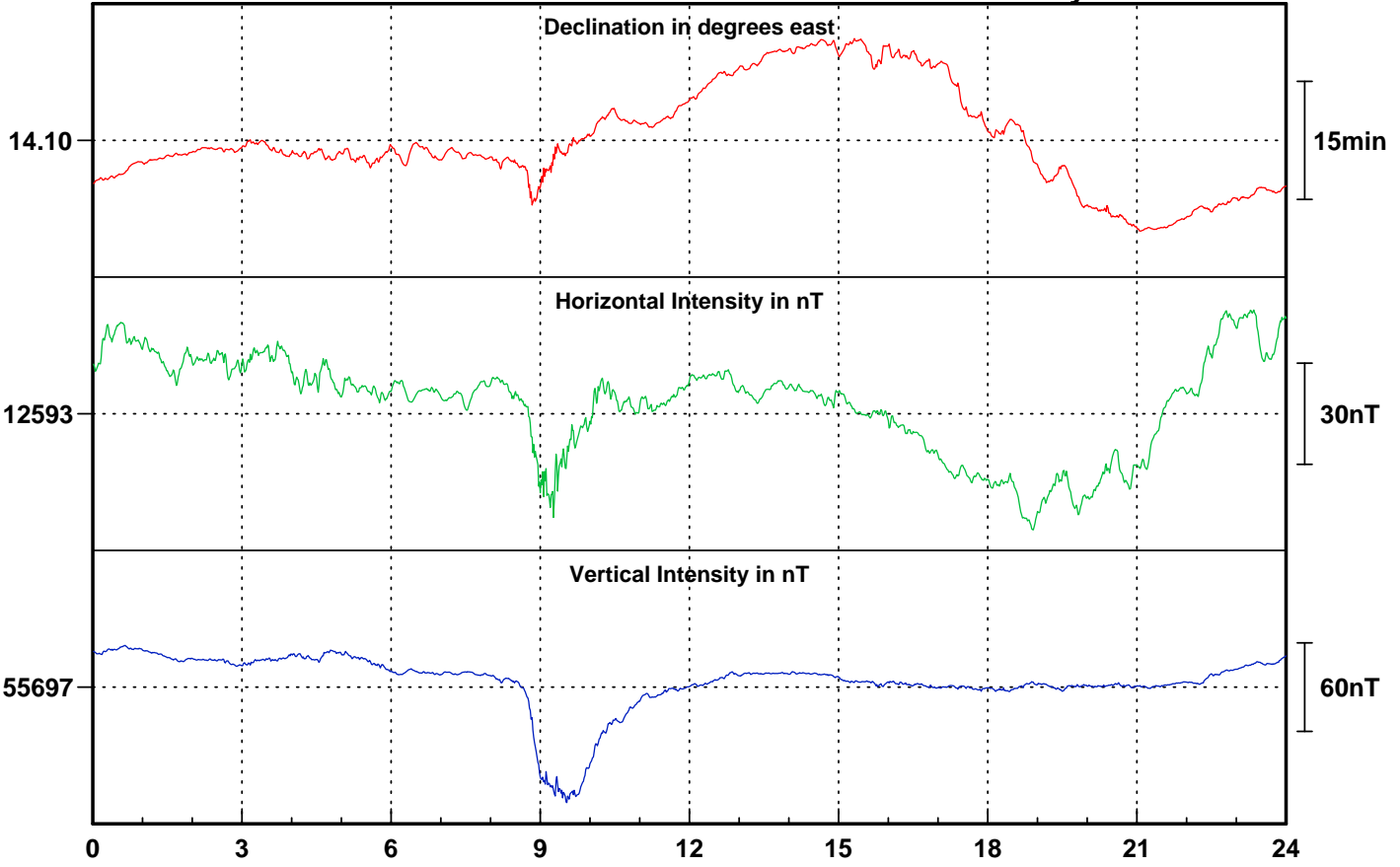
Day number: 155



Date: 05-06-2022

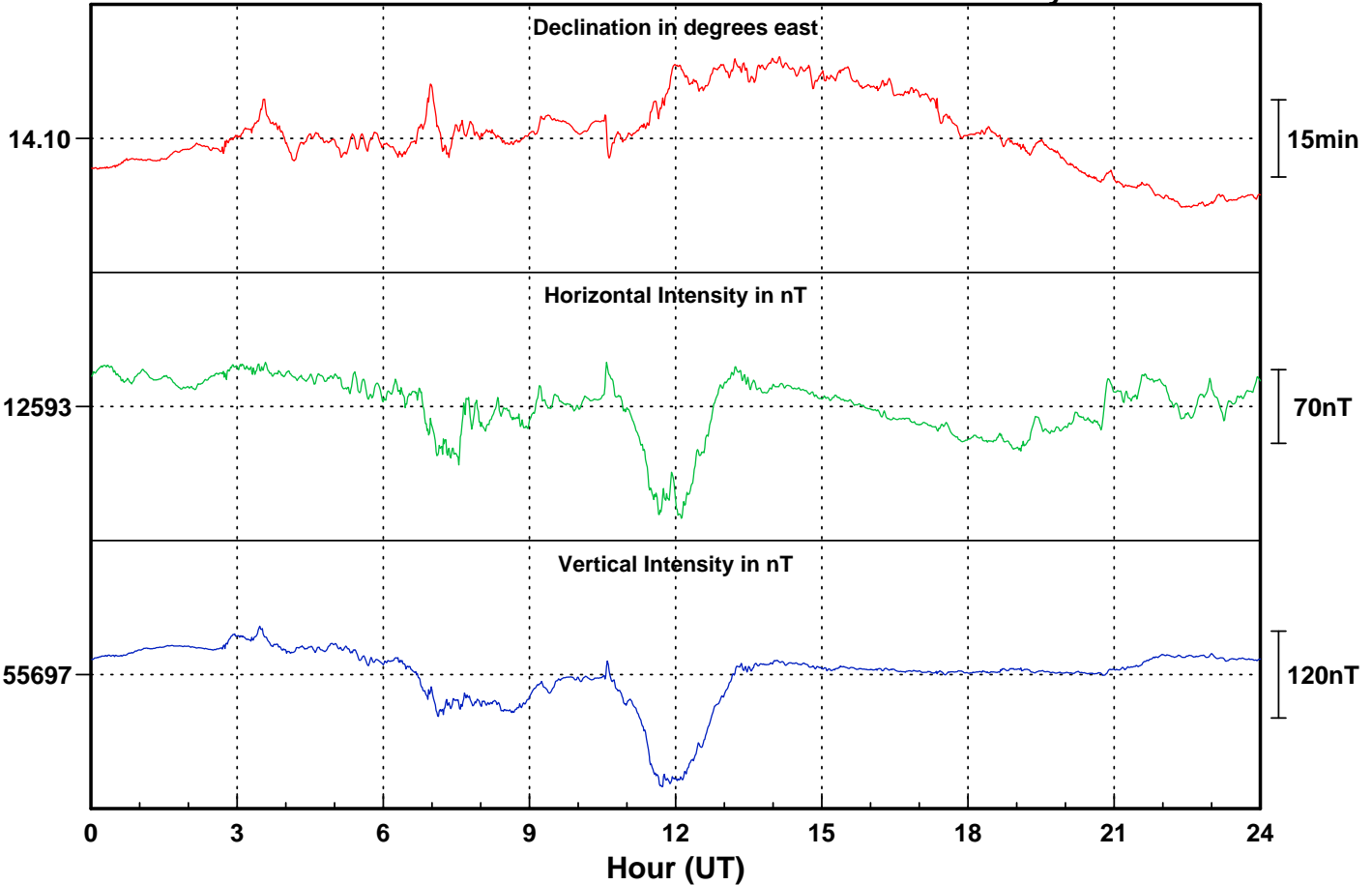
Fort McMurray

Day number: 156



Date: 06-06-2022

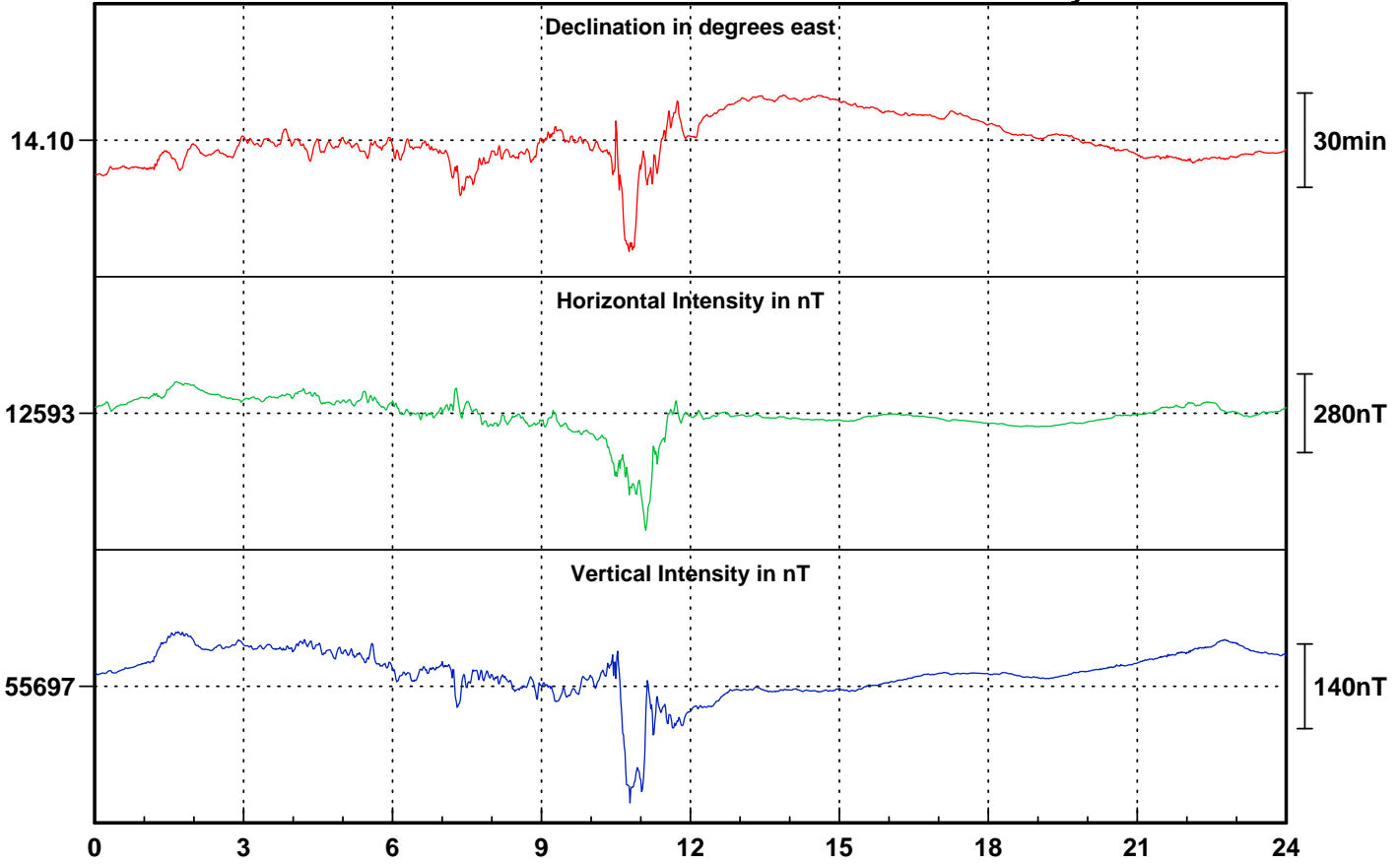
Day number: 157



Date: 07-06-2022

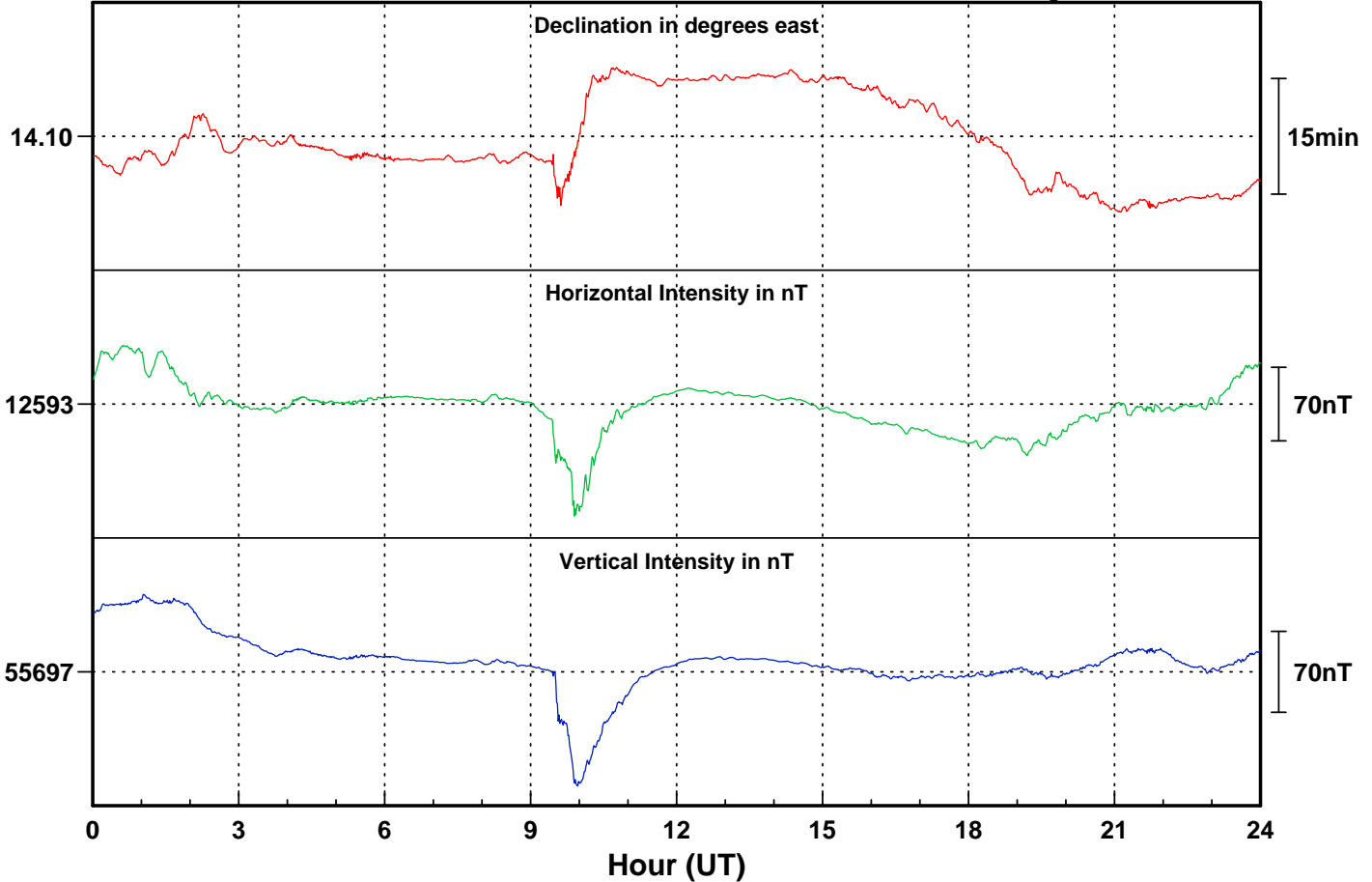
Fort McMurray

Day number: 158



Date: 08-06-2022

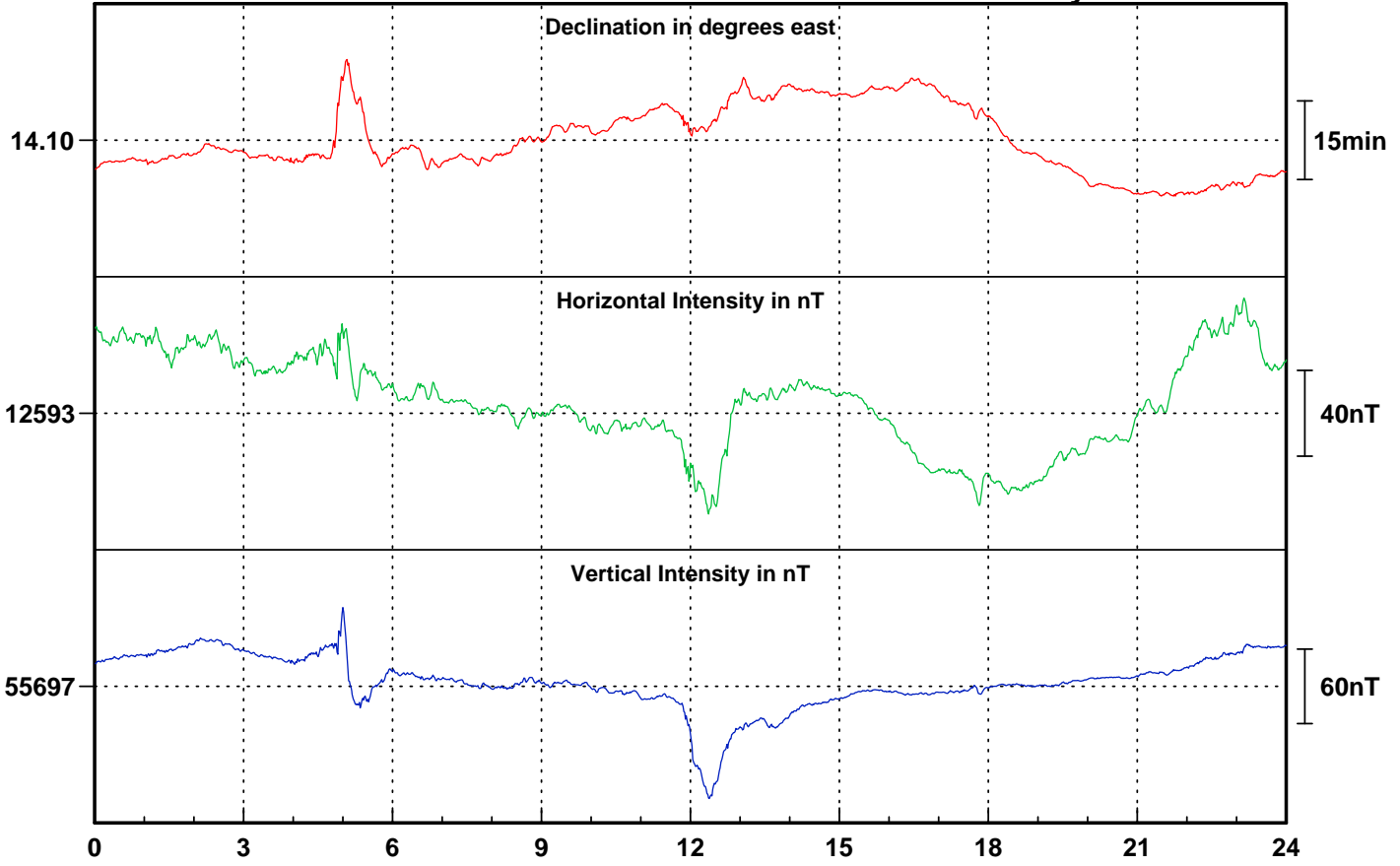
Day number: 159



Date: 09-06-2022

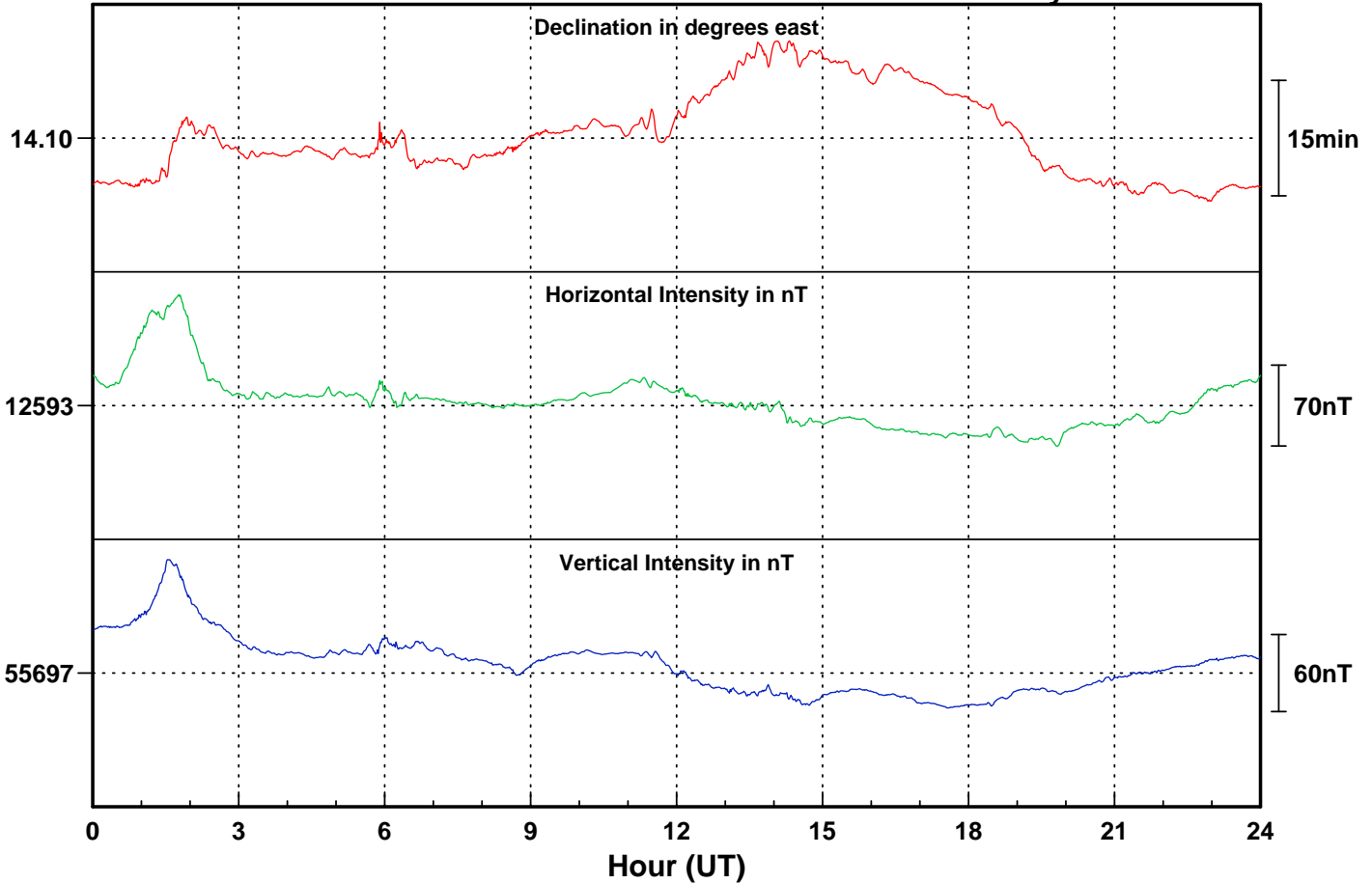
Fort McMurray

Day number: 160



Date: 10-06-2022

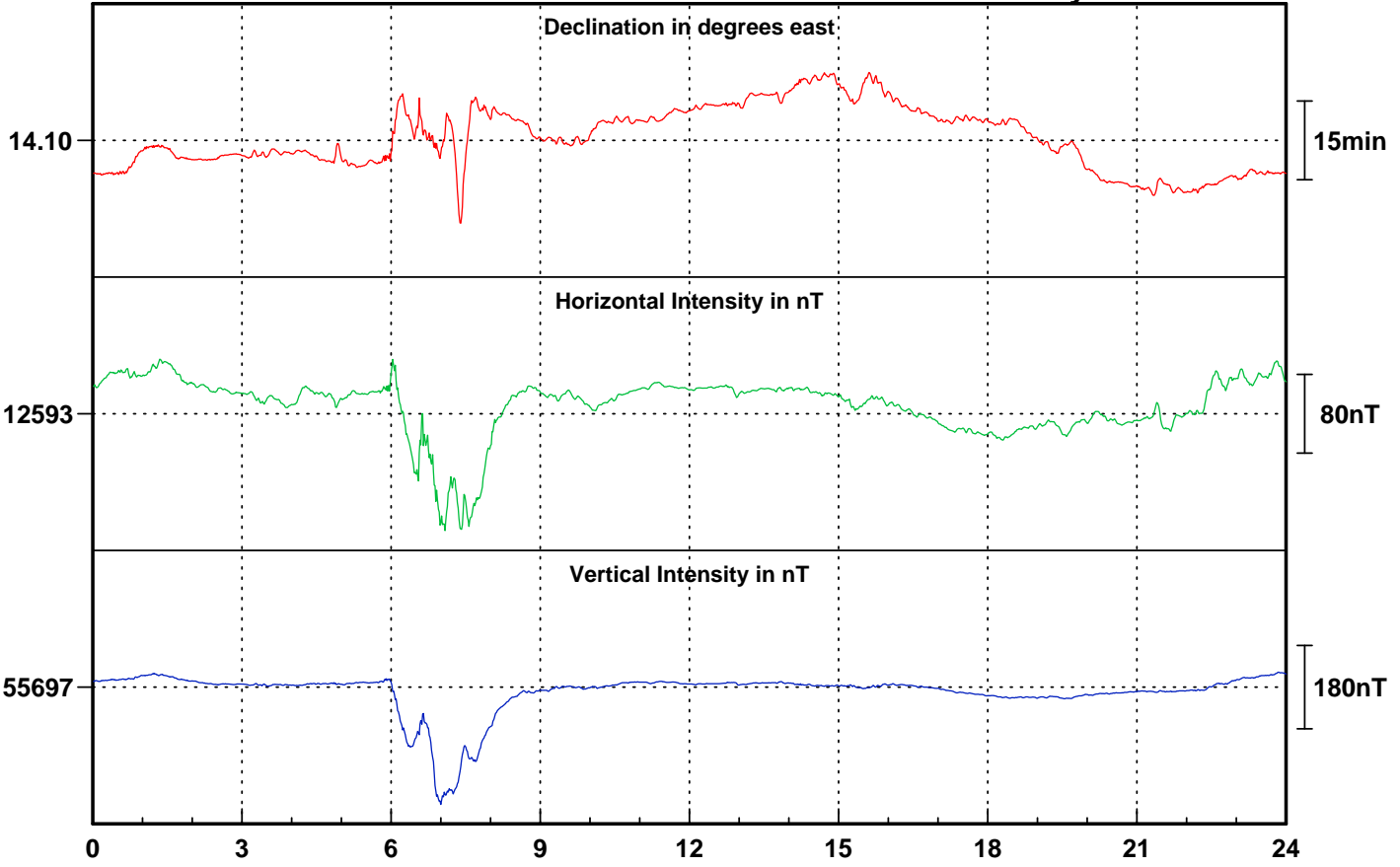
Day number: 161



Date: 11-06-2022

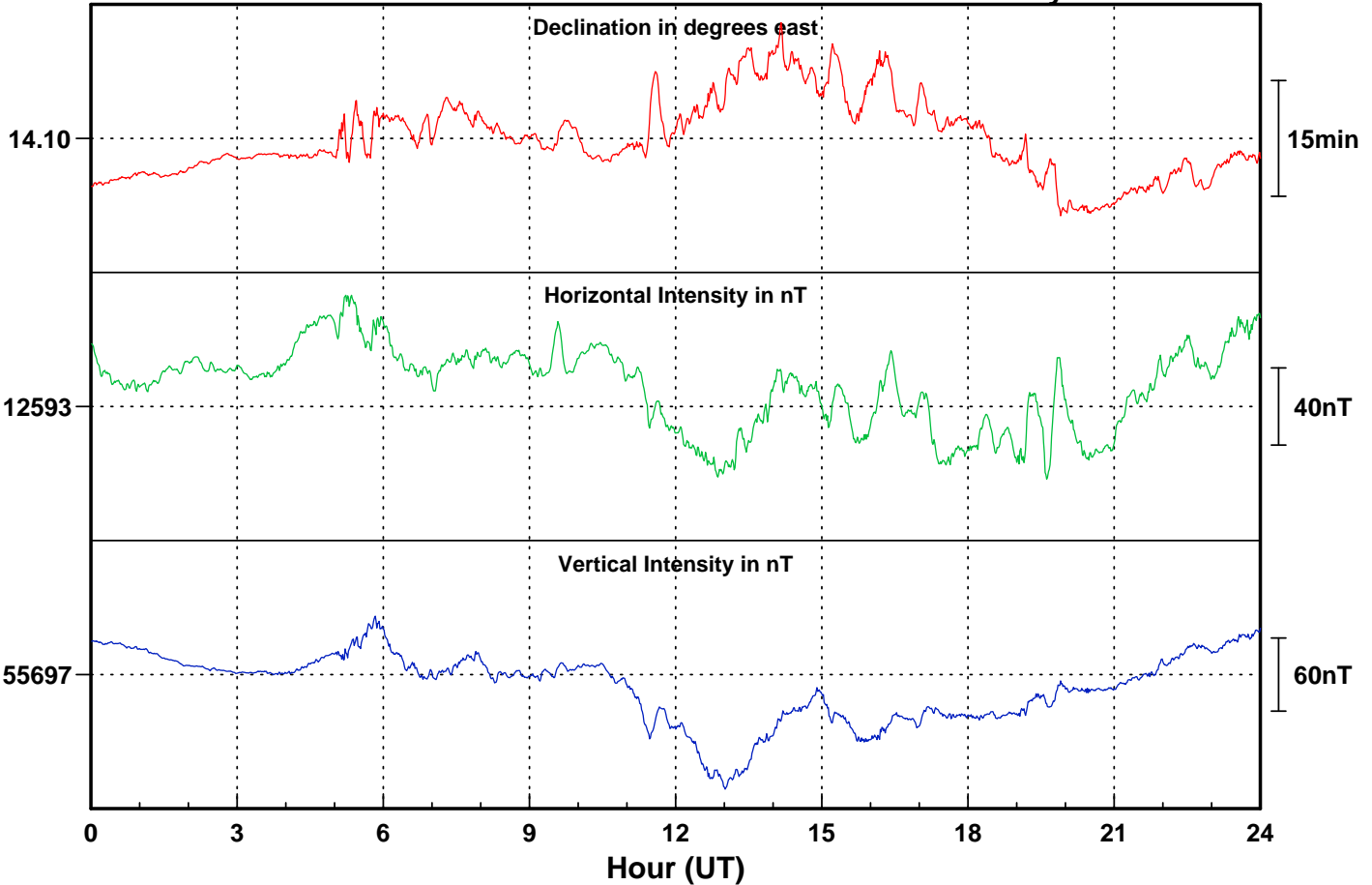
Fort McMurray

Day number: 162



Date: 12-06-2022

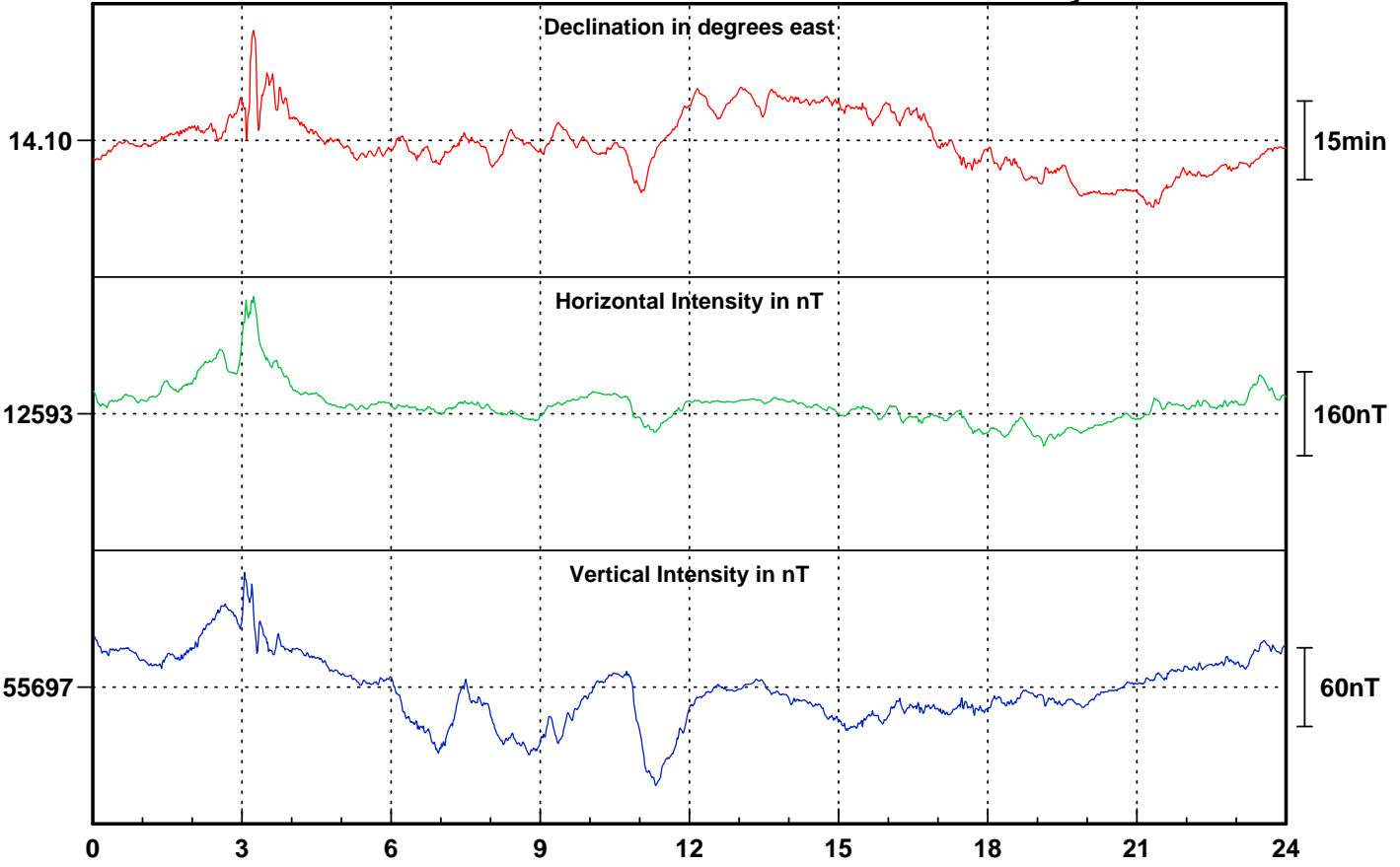
Day number: 163



Date: 13-06-2022

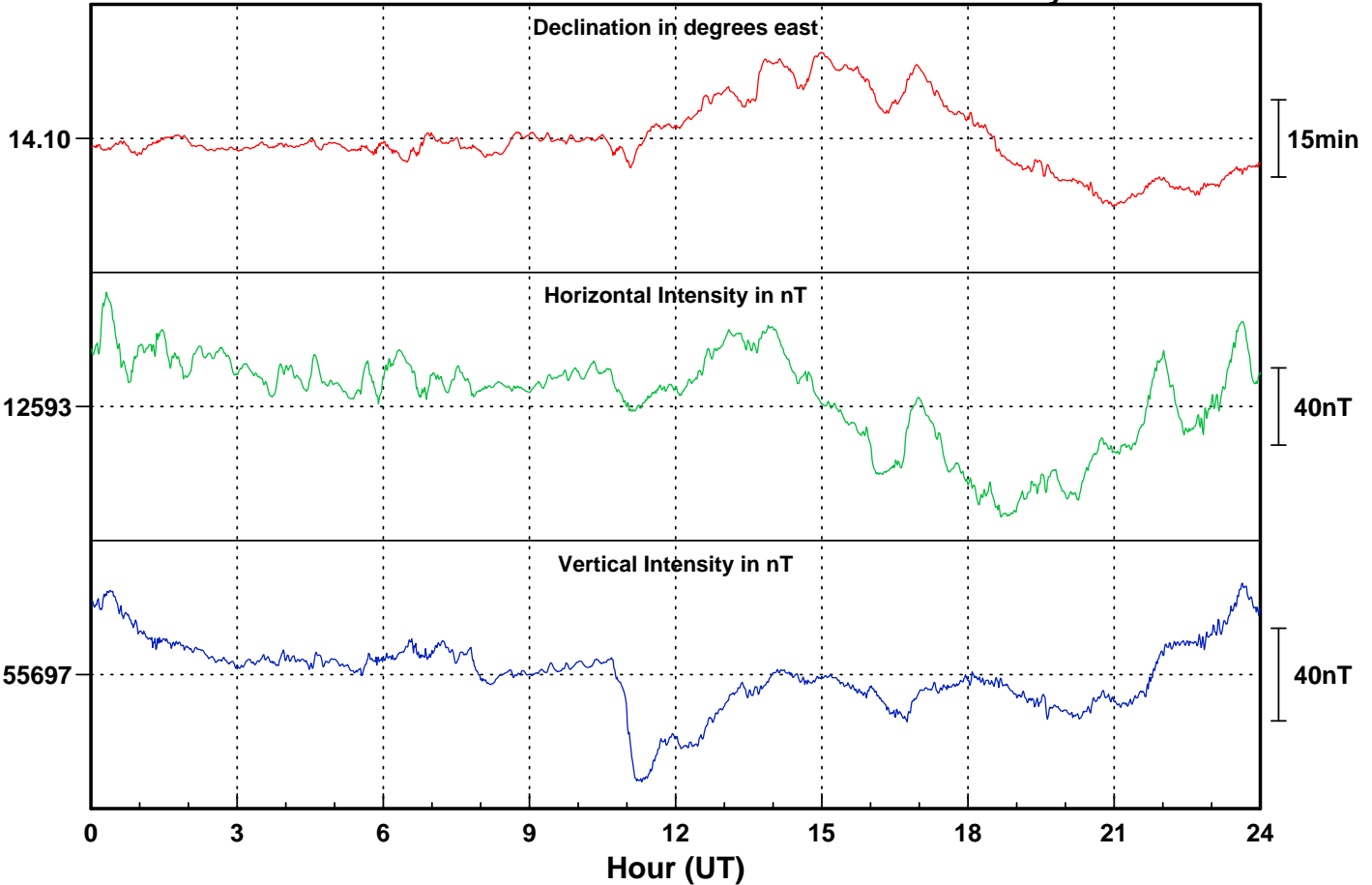
Fort McMurray

Day number: 164



Date: 14-06-2022

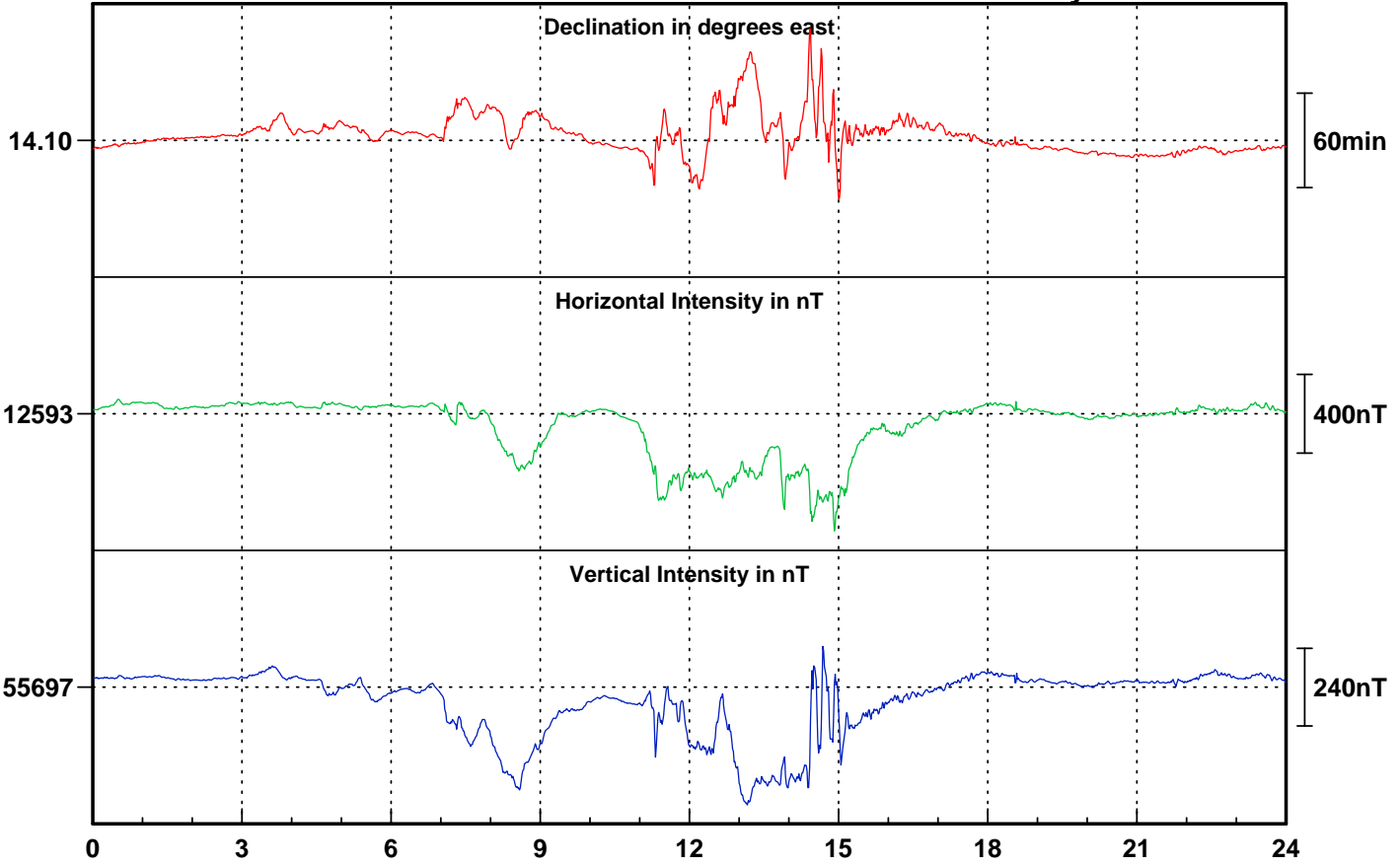
Day number: 165



Date: 15-06-2022

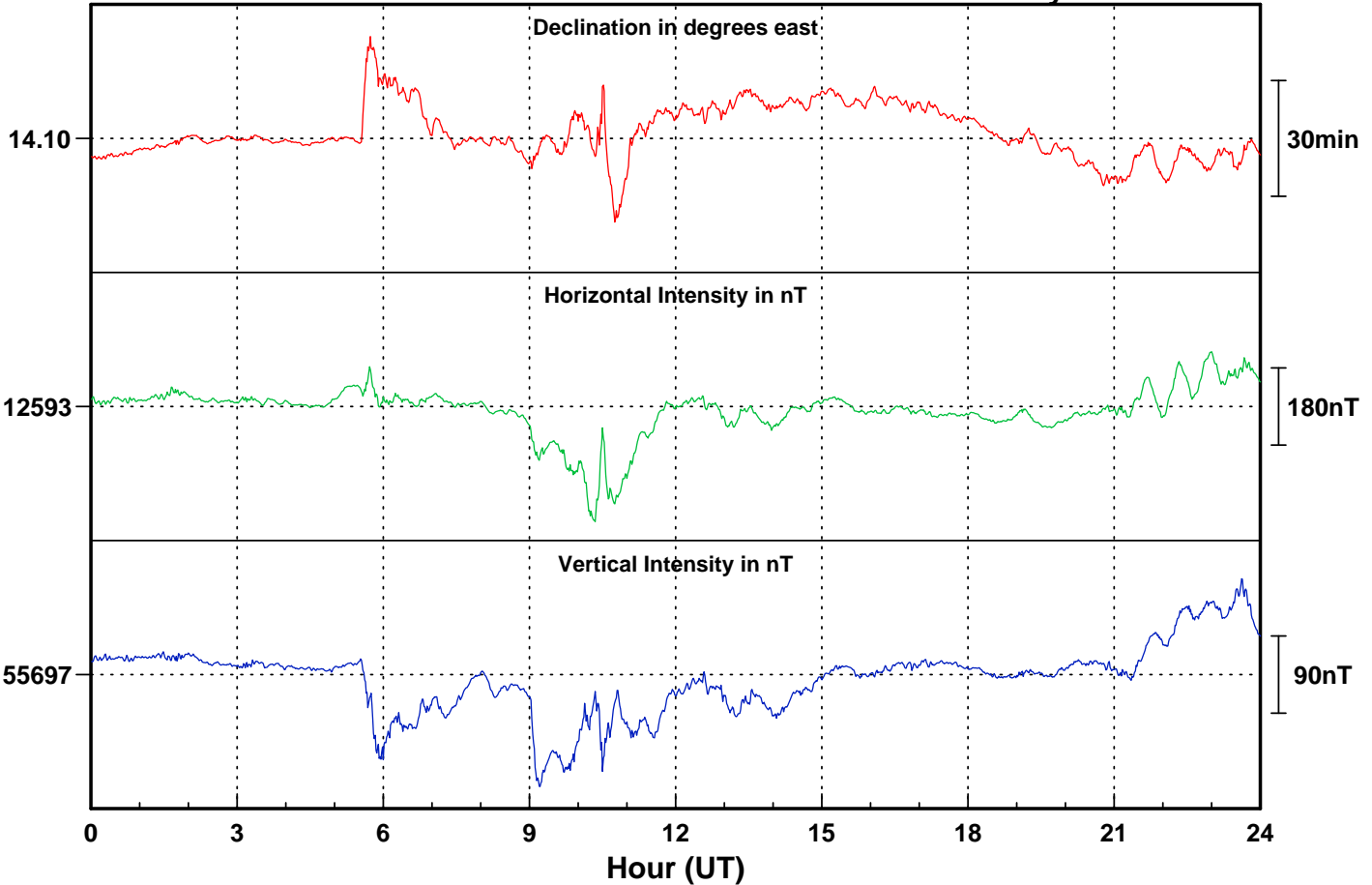
Fort McMurray

Day number: 166



Date: 16-06-2022

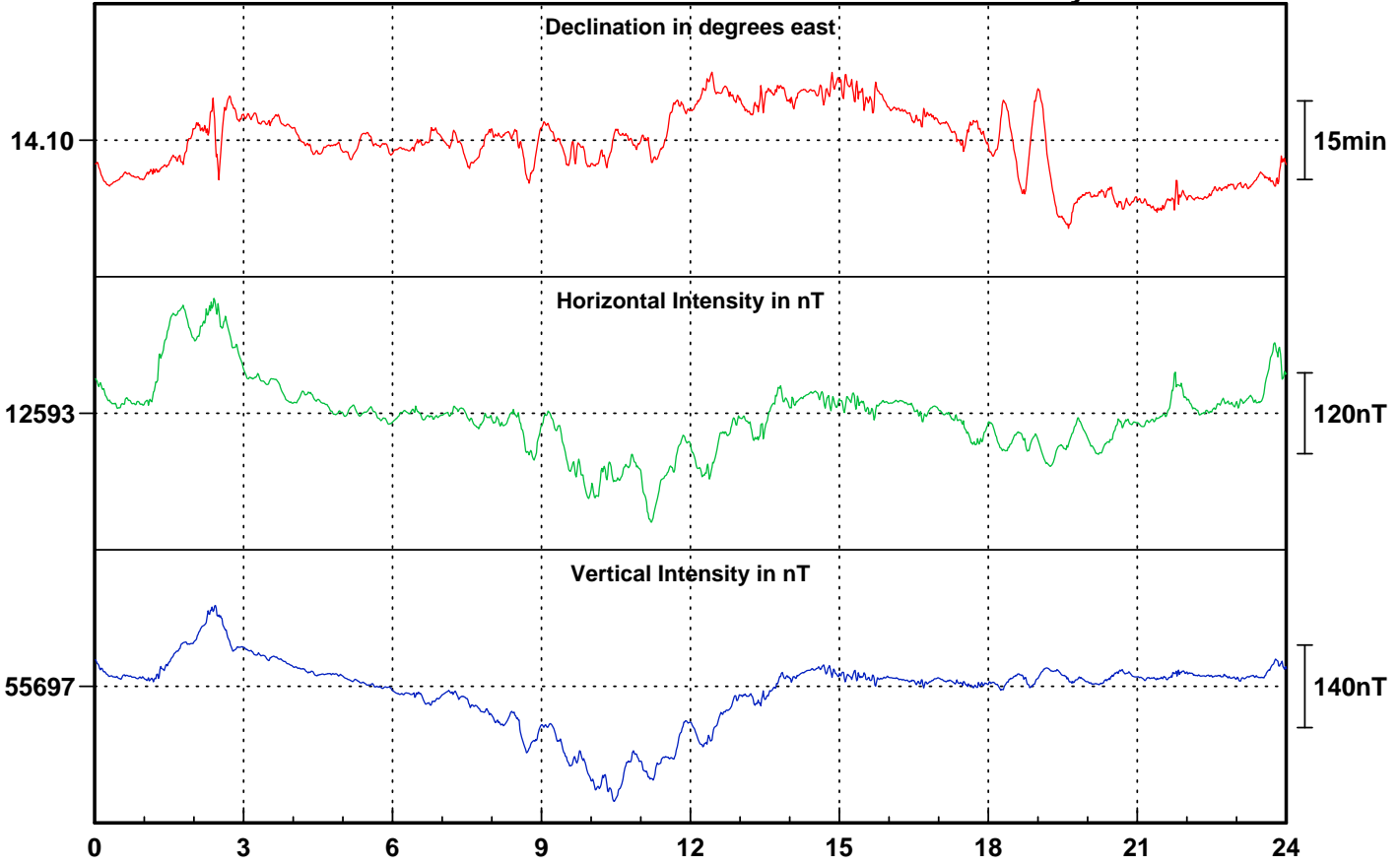
Day number: 167



Date: 17-06-2022

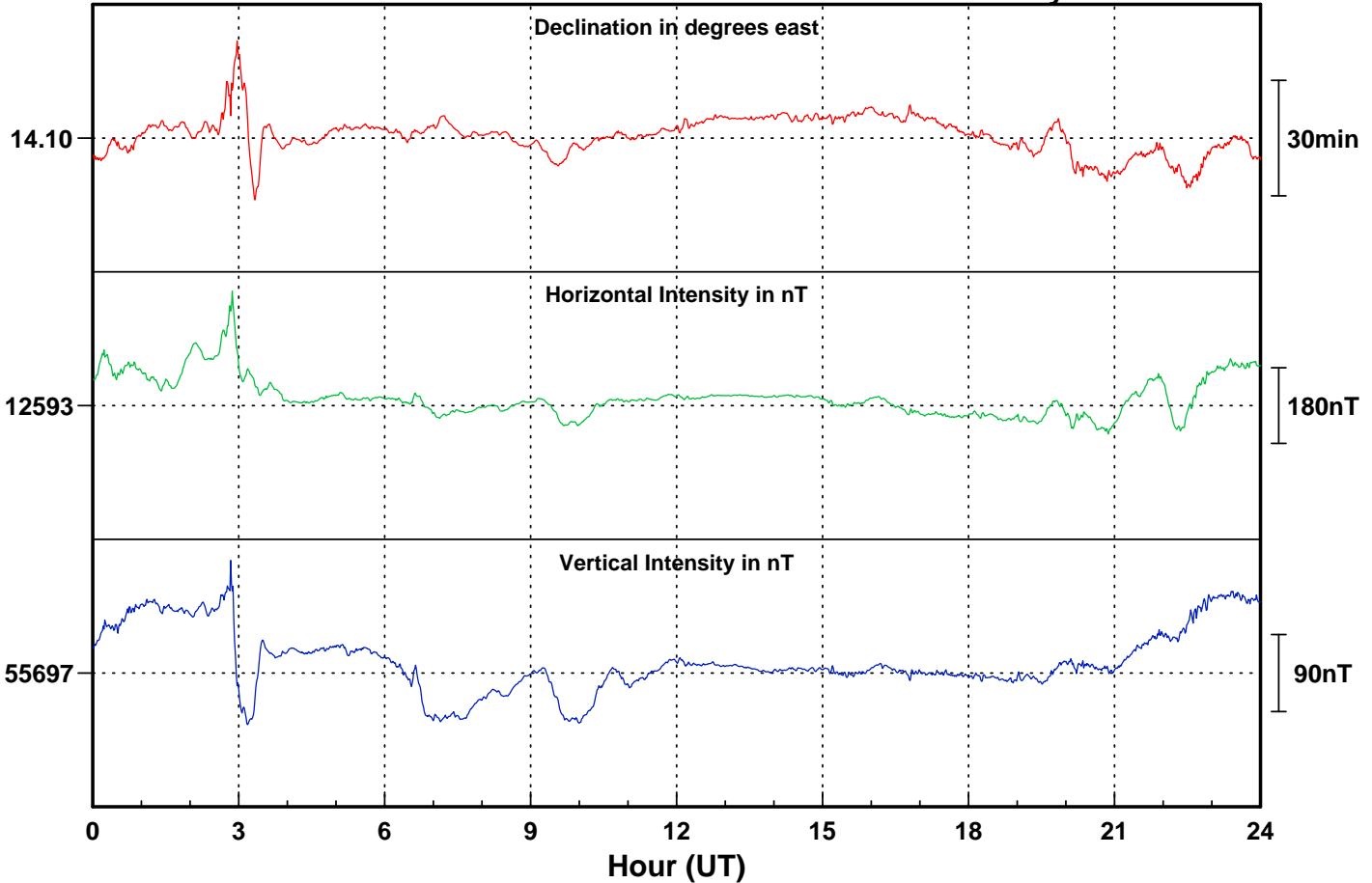
Fort McMurray

Day number: 168



Date: 18-06-2022

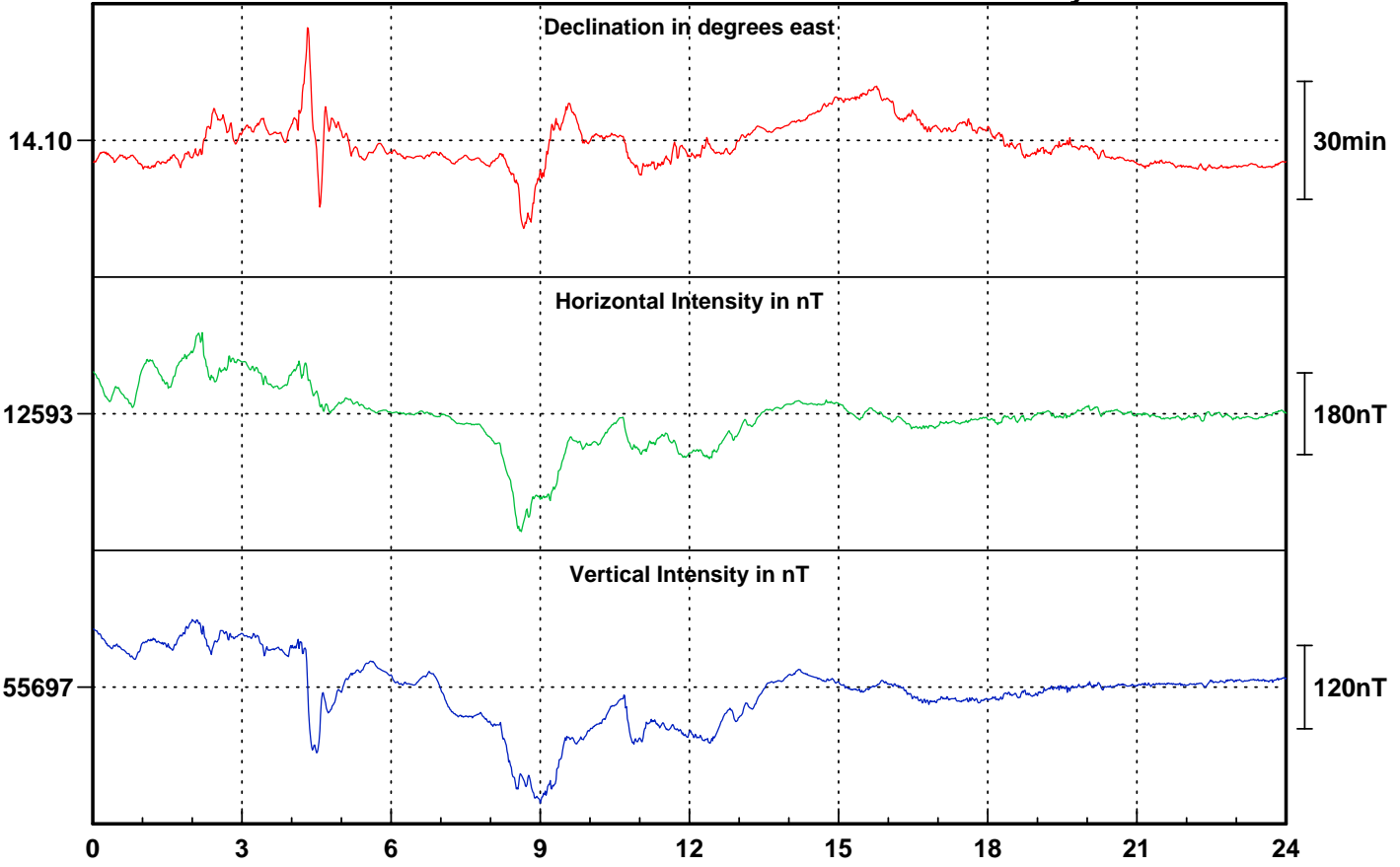
Day number: 169



Date: 19-06-2022

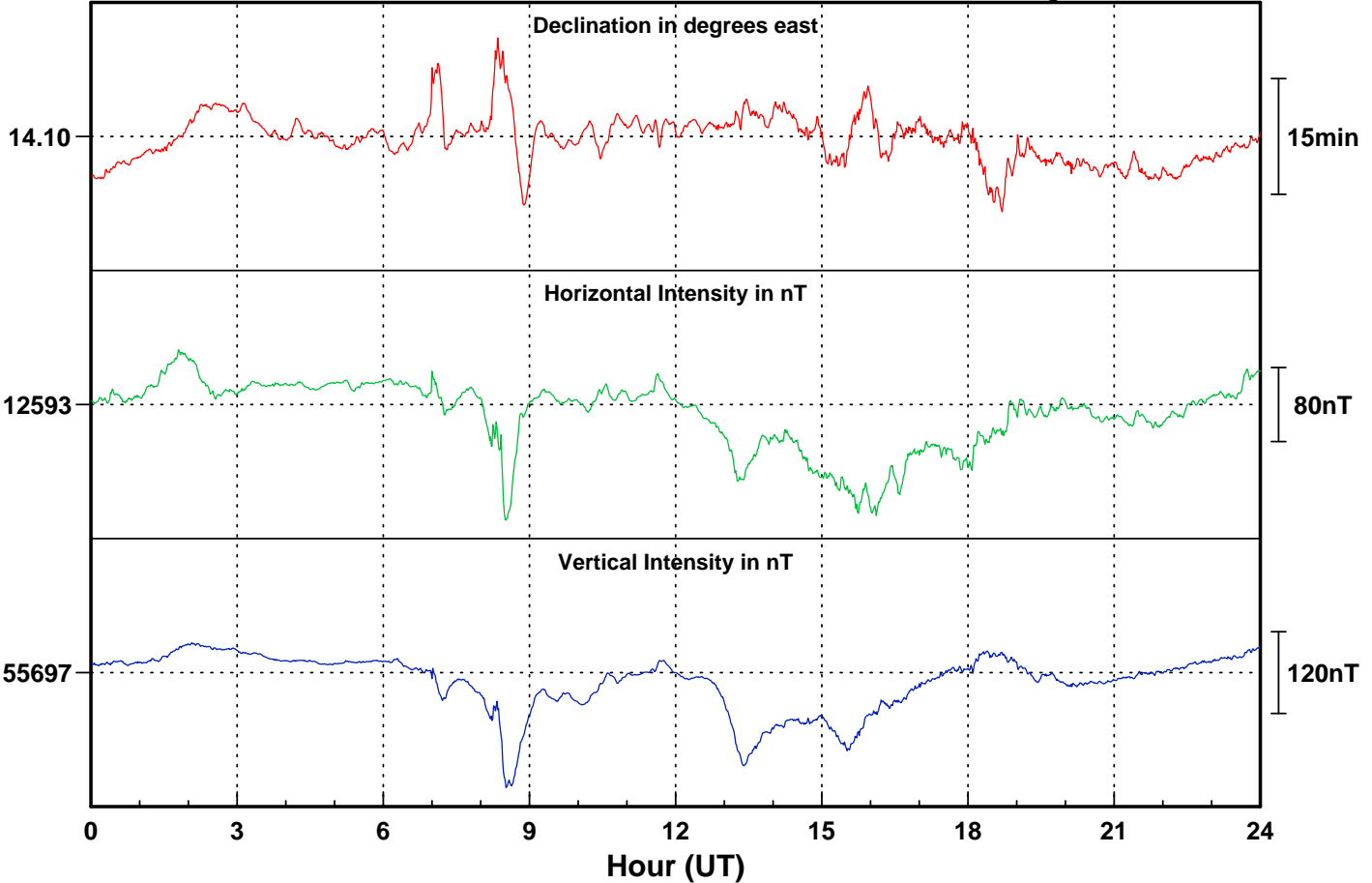
Fort McMurray

Day number: 170



Date: 20-06-2022

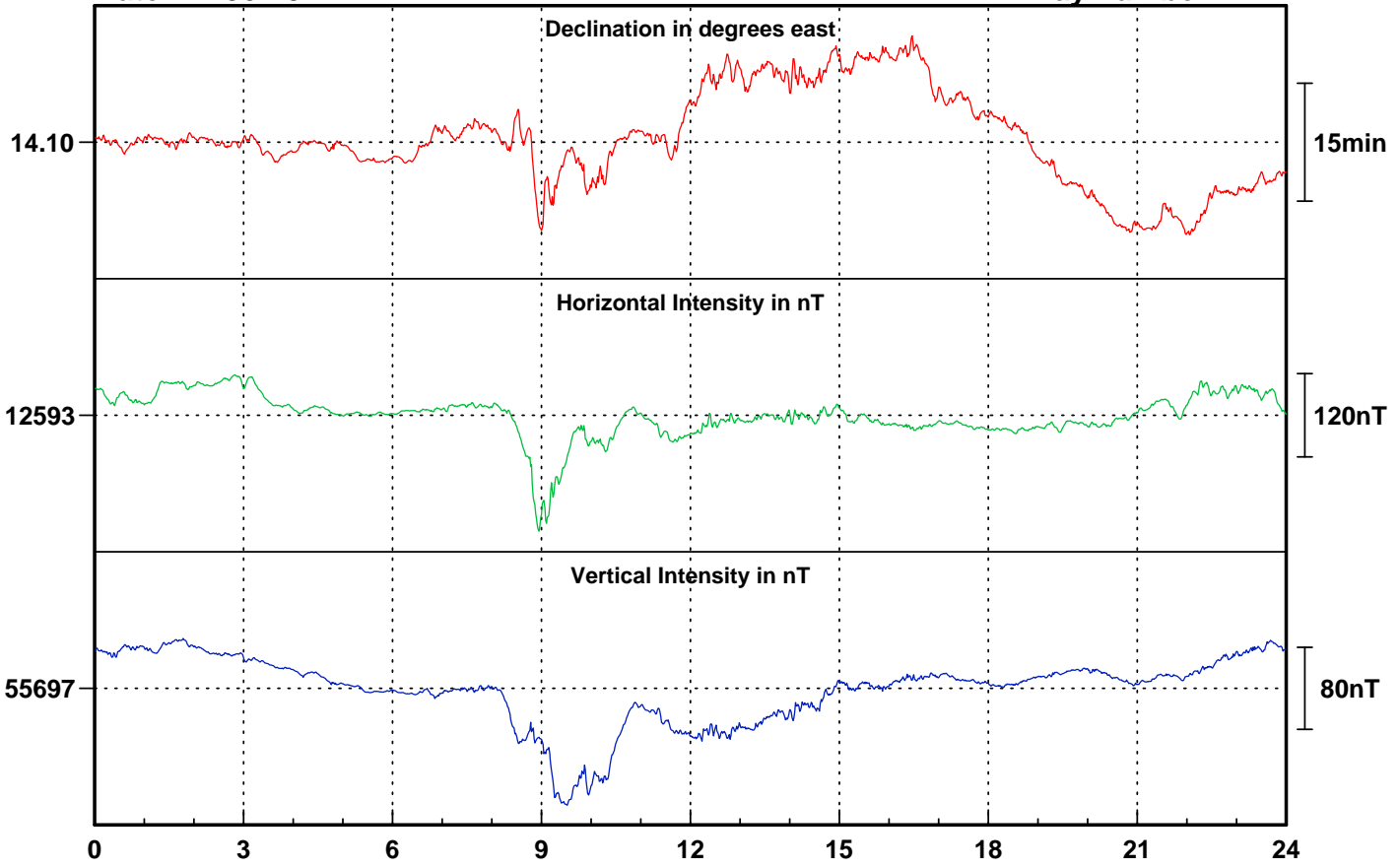
Day number: 171



Date: 21-06-2022

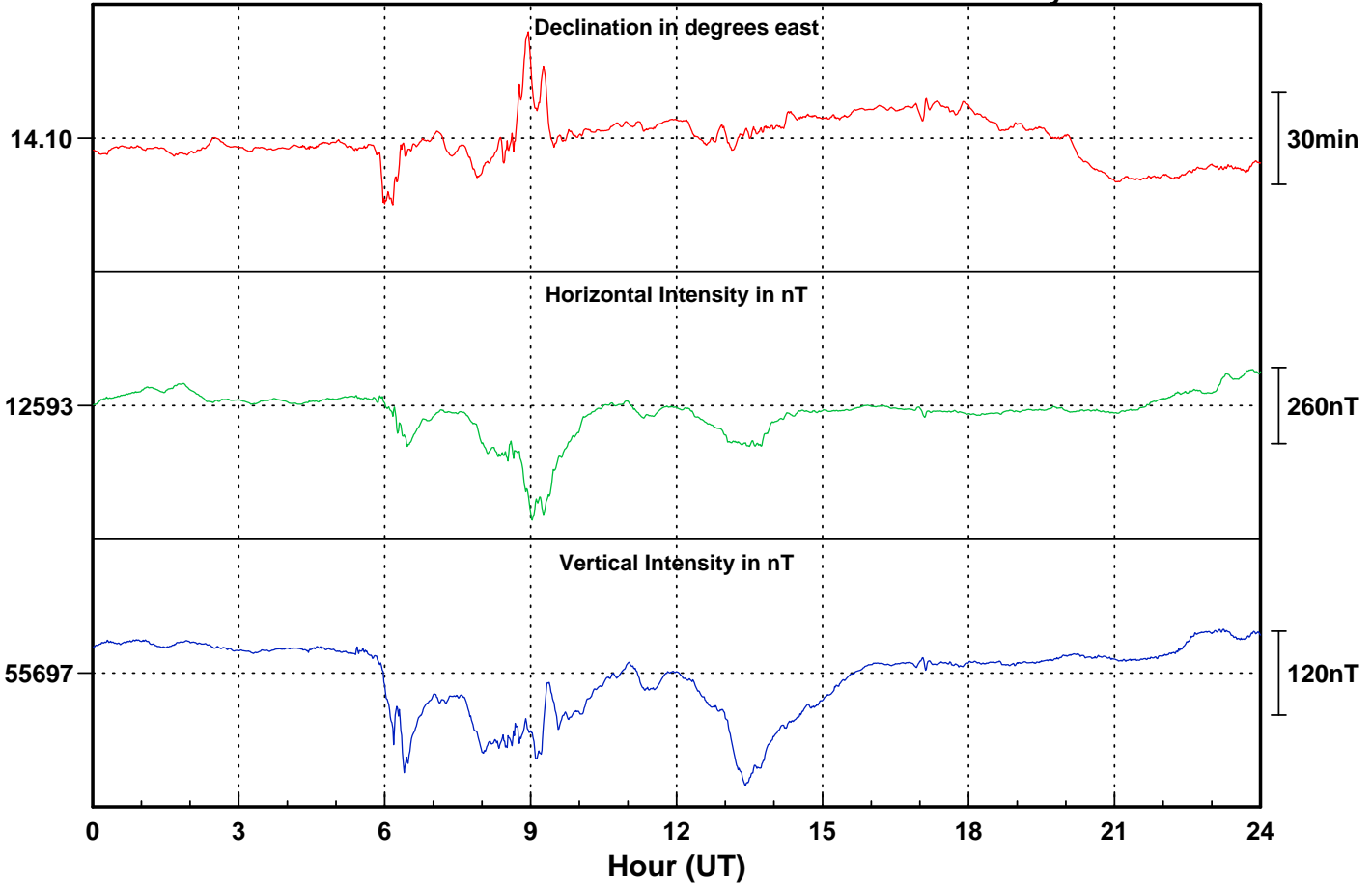
Fort McMurray

Day number: 172



Date: 22-06-2022

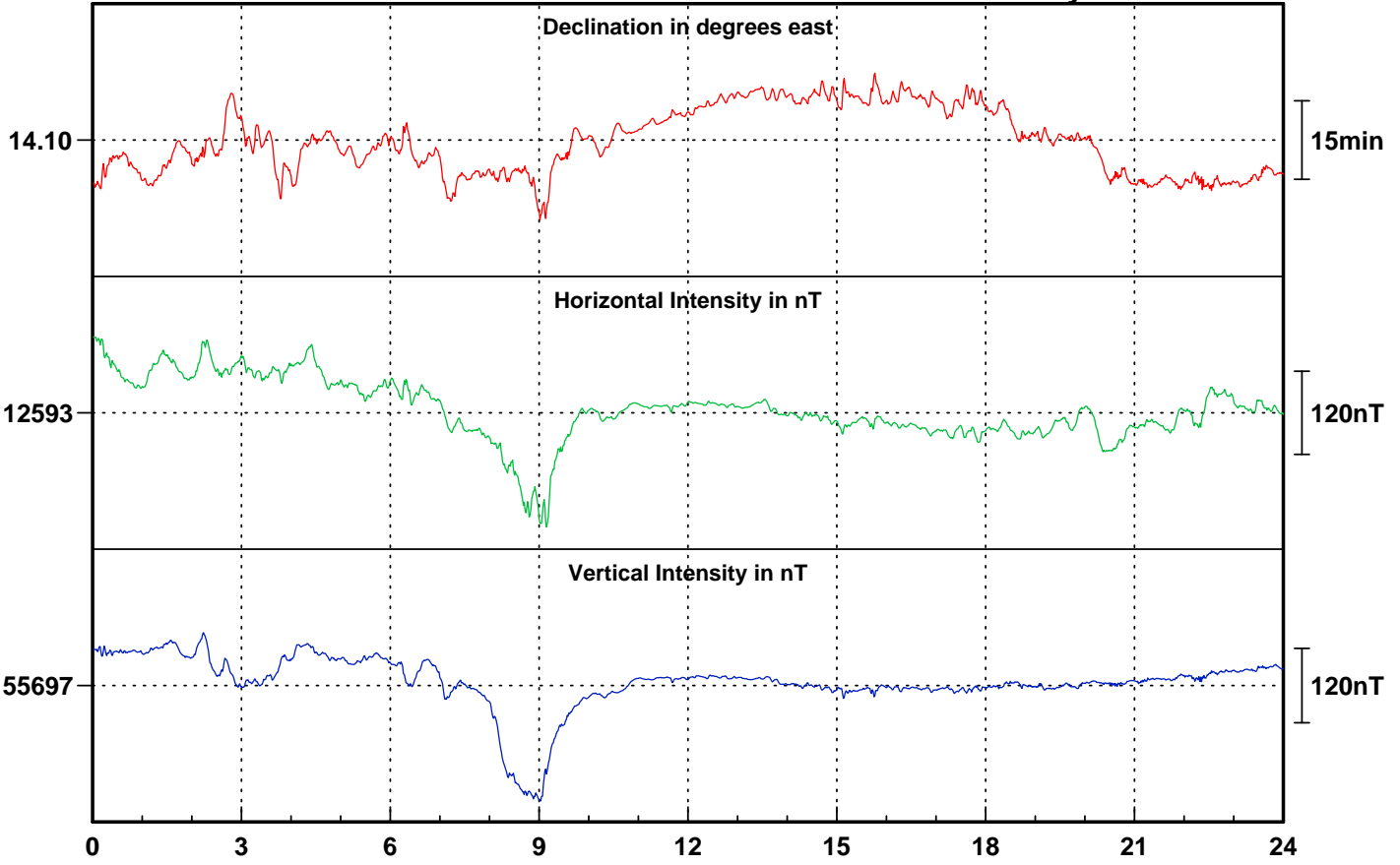
Day number: 173



Date: 23-06-2022

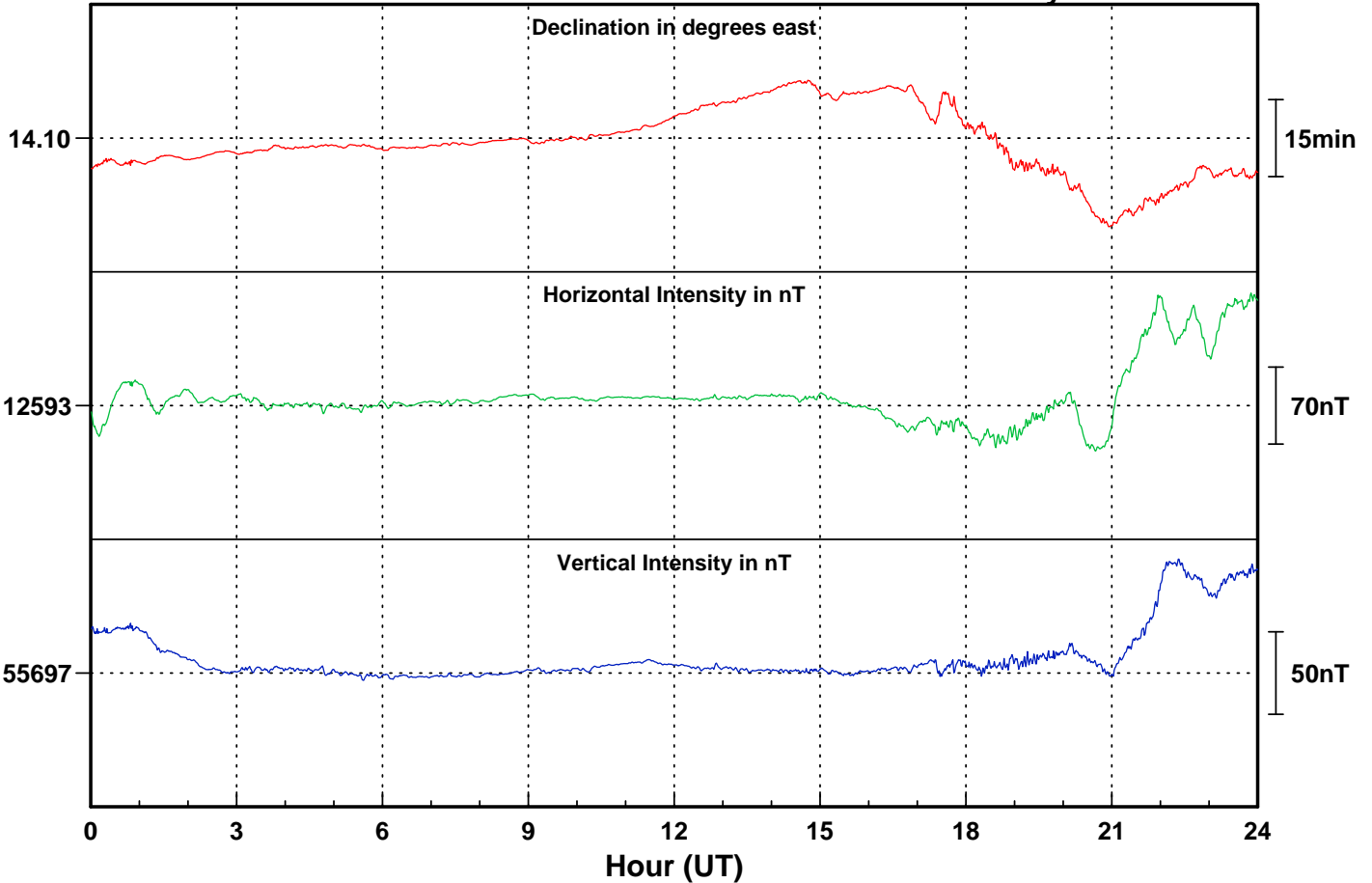
Fort McMurray

Day number: 174



Date: 24-06-2022

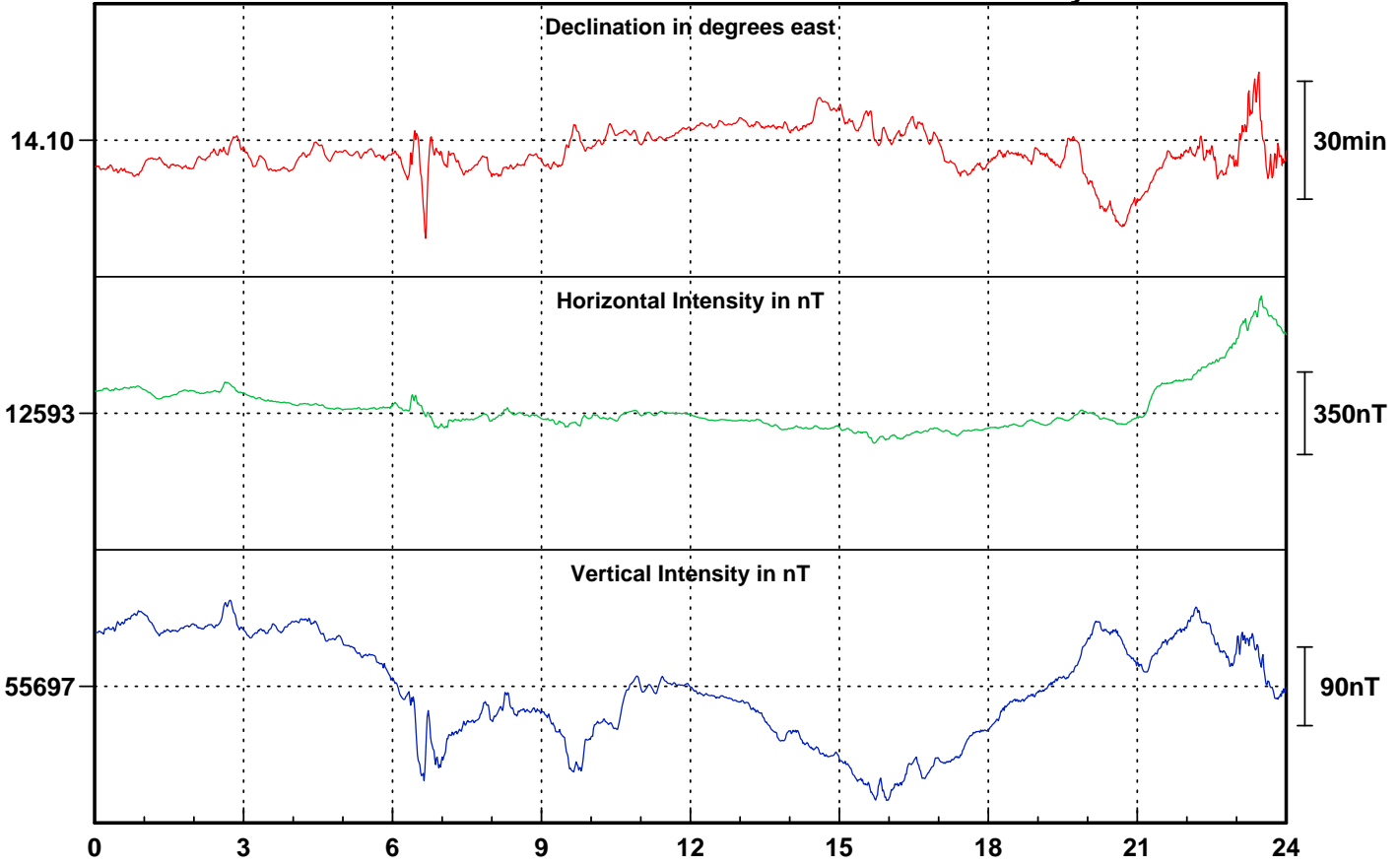
Day number: 175



Date: 25-06-2022

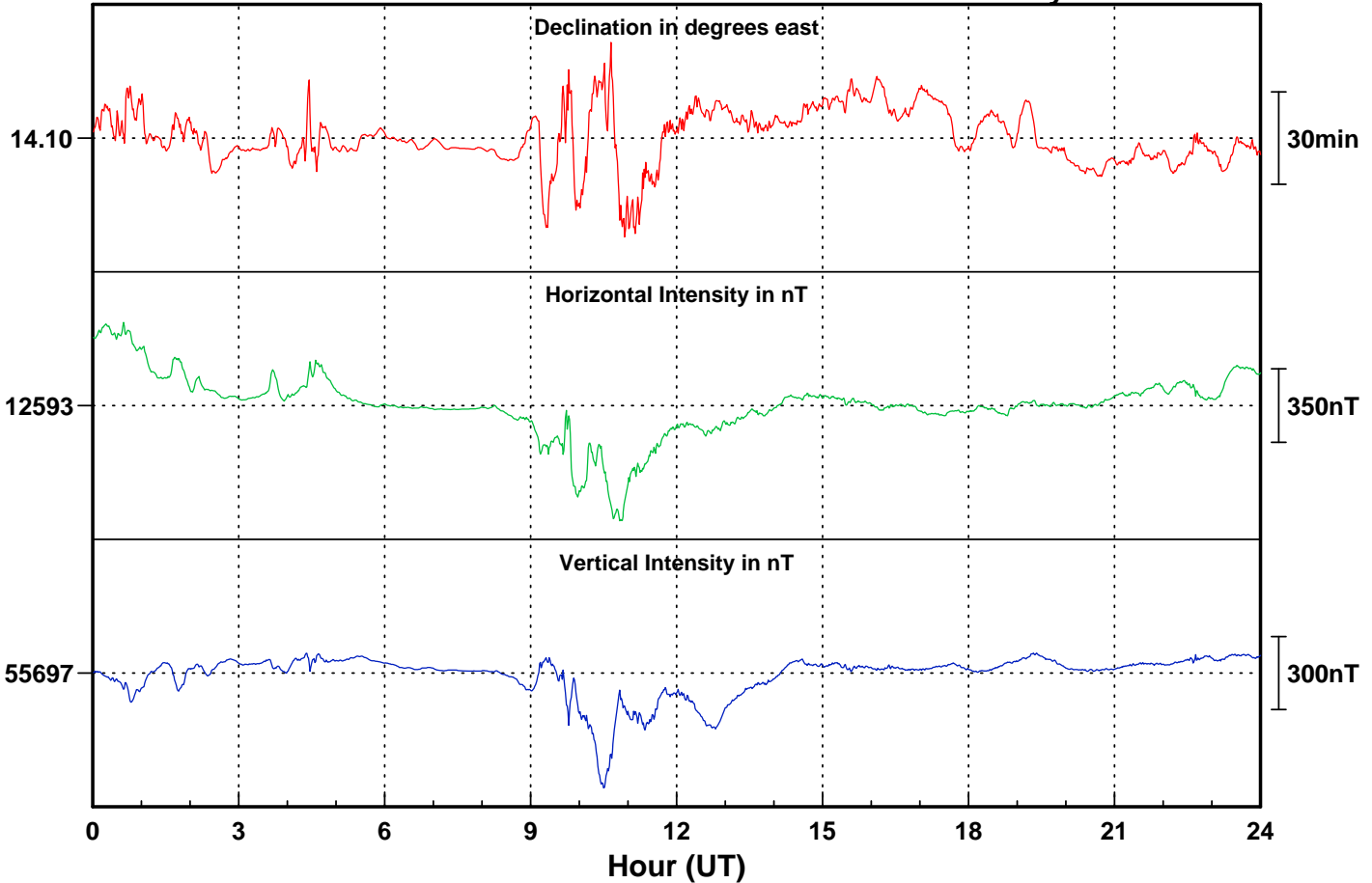
Fort McMurray

Day number: 176



Date: 26-06-2022

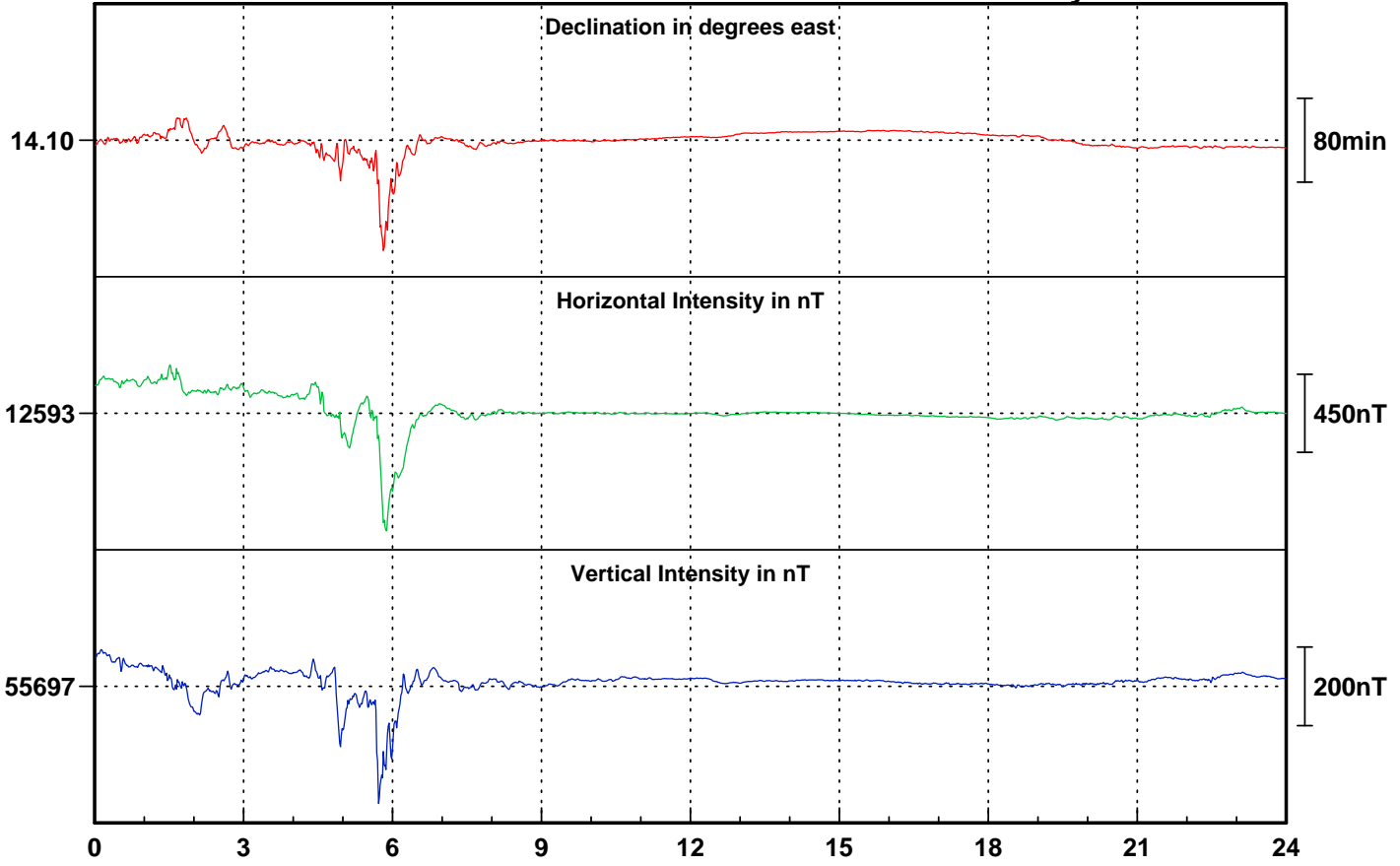
Day number: 177



Date: 27-06-2022

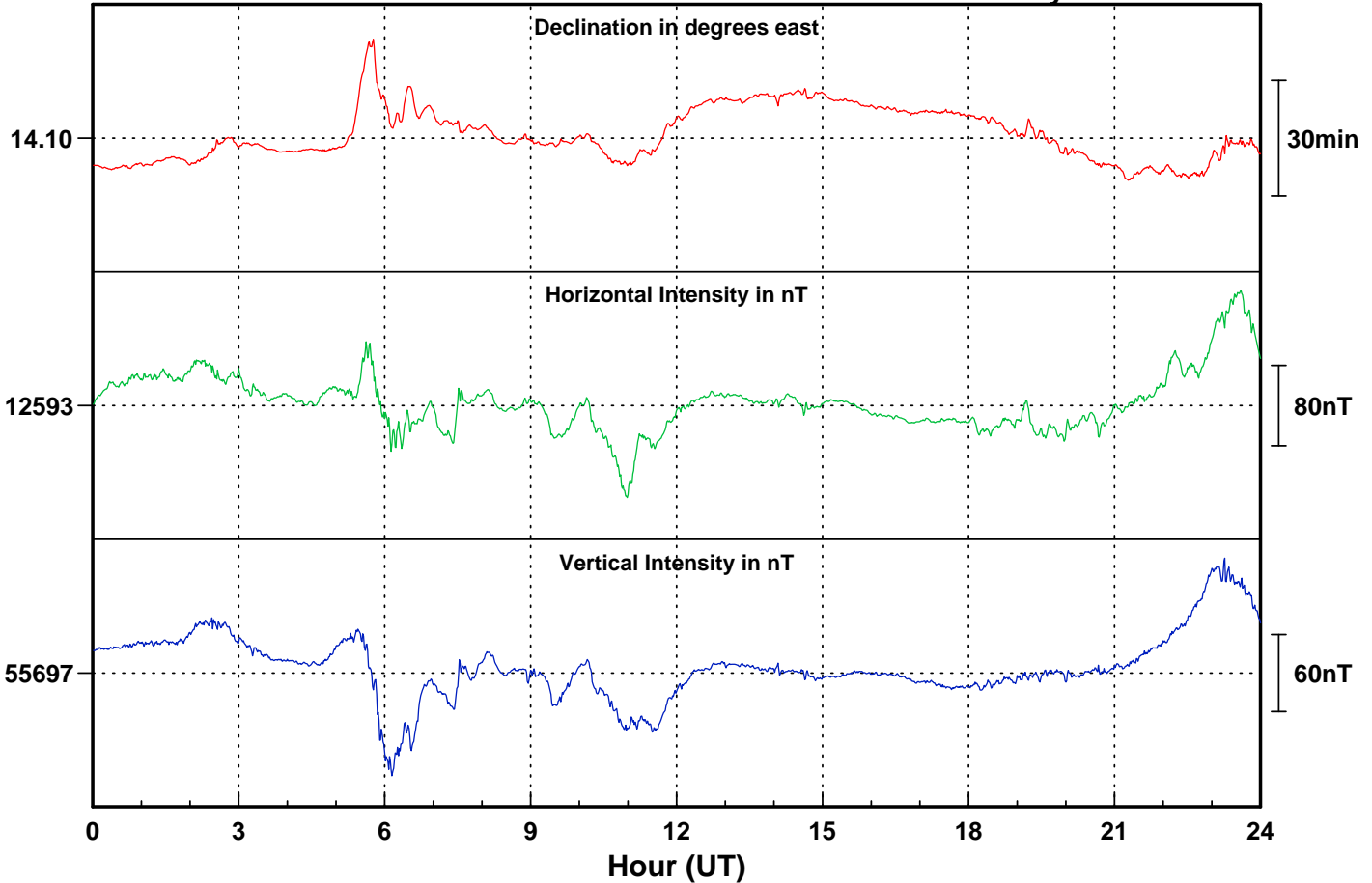
Fort McMurray

Day number: 178



Date: 28-06-2022

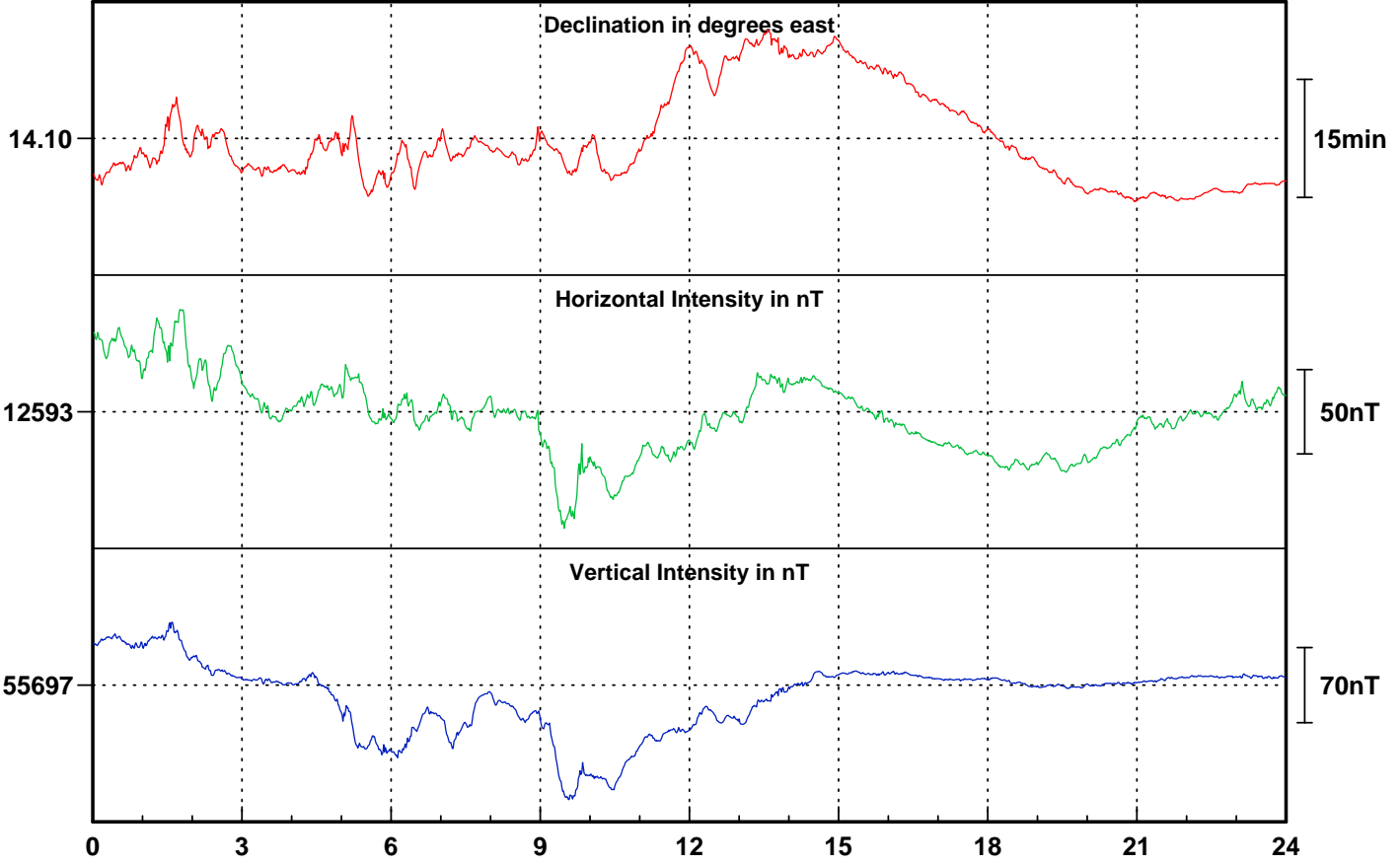
Day number: 179



Date: 29-06-2022

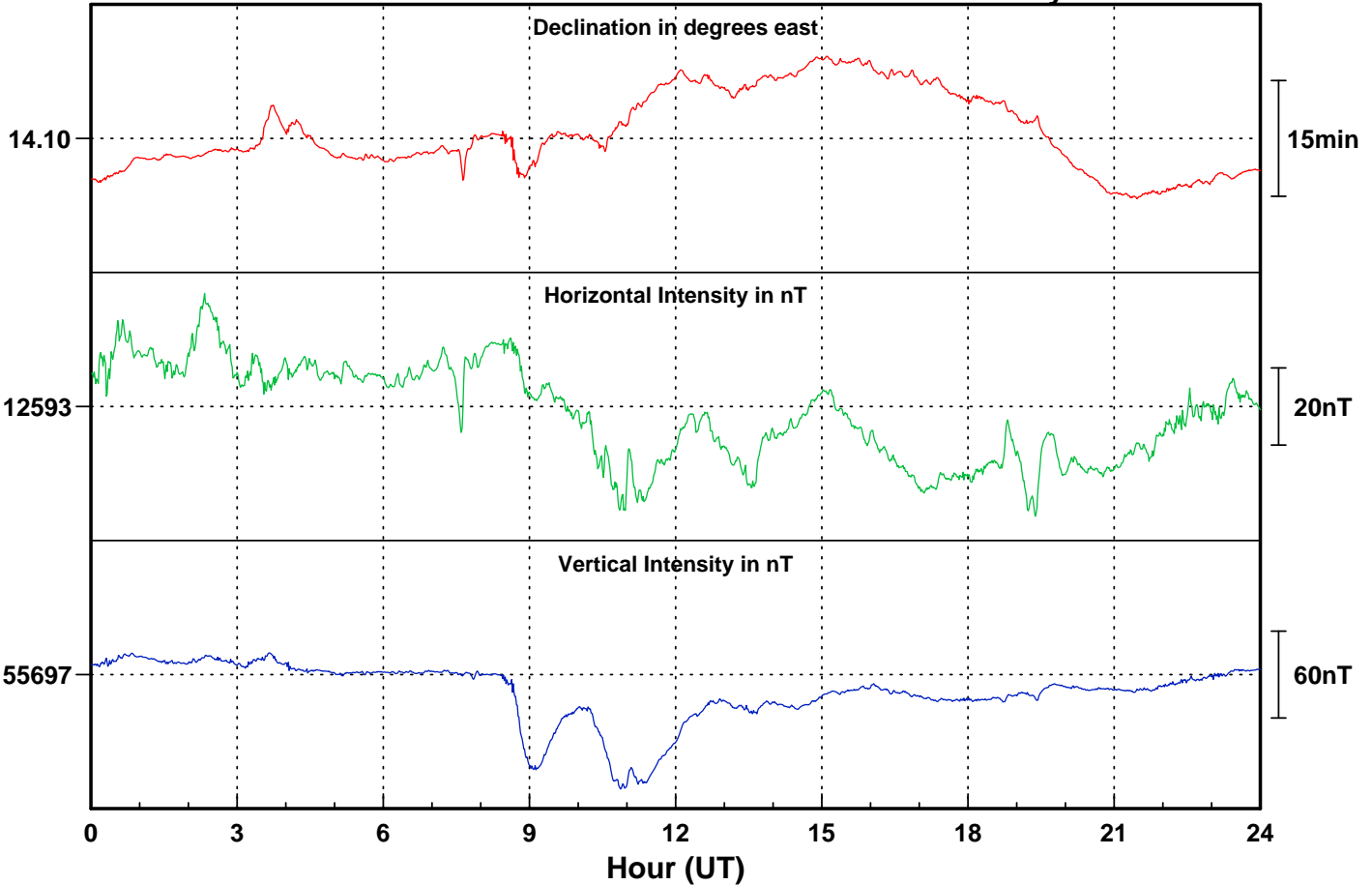
Fort McMurray

Day number: 180

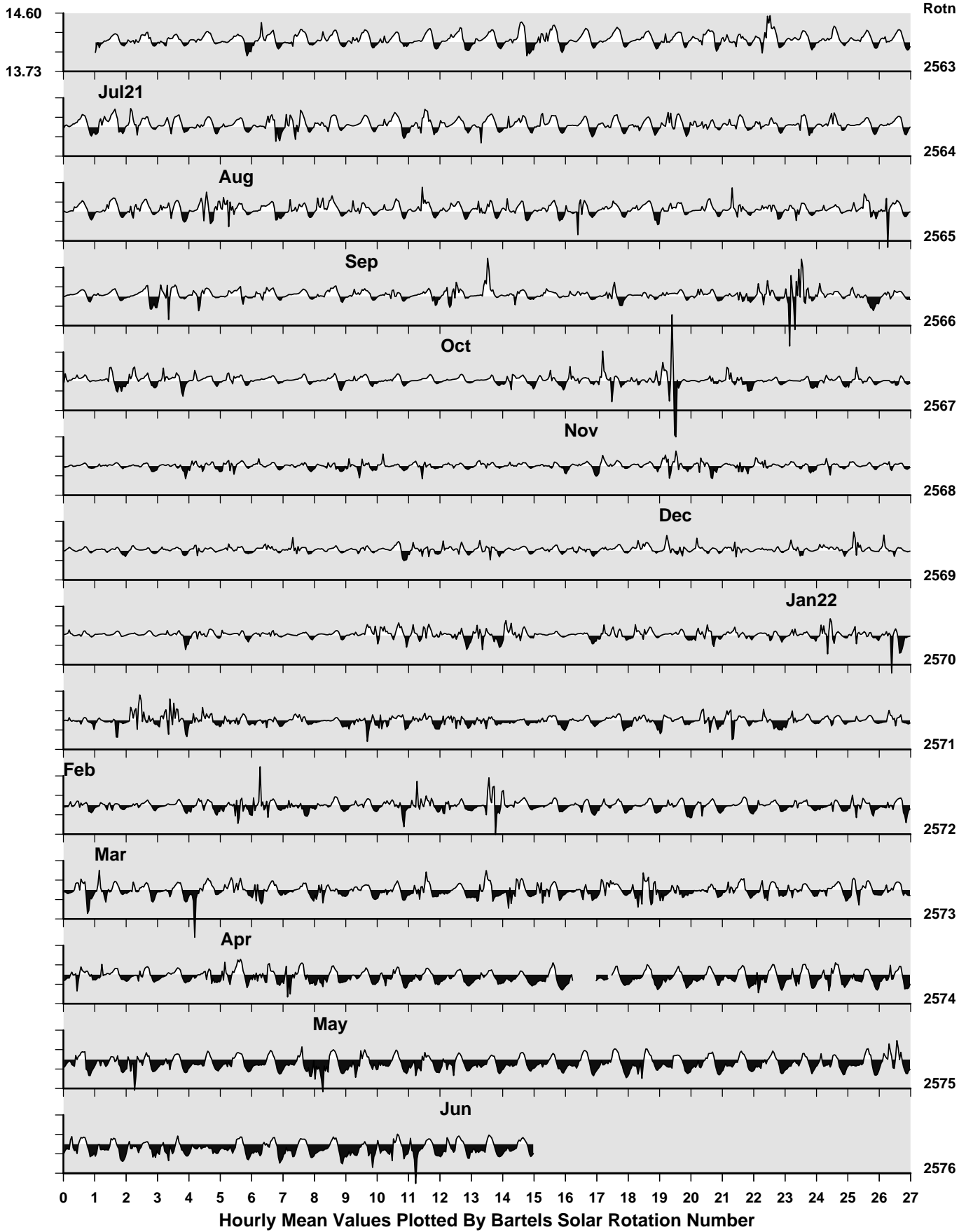


Date: 30-06-2022

Day number: 181

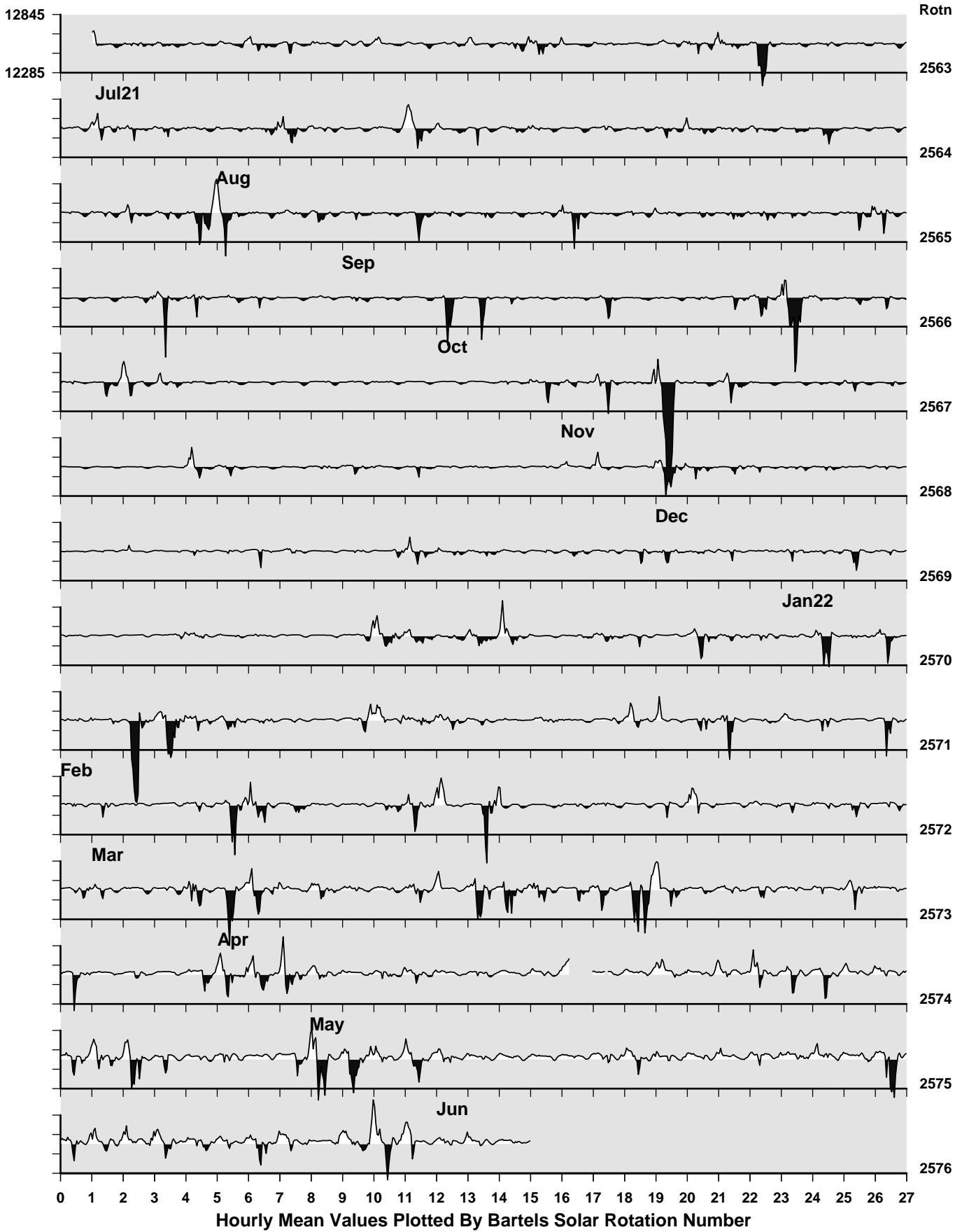


Fort McMurray Observatory: Declination (degrees)

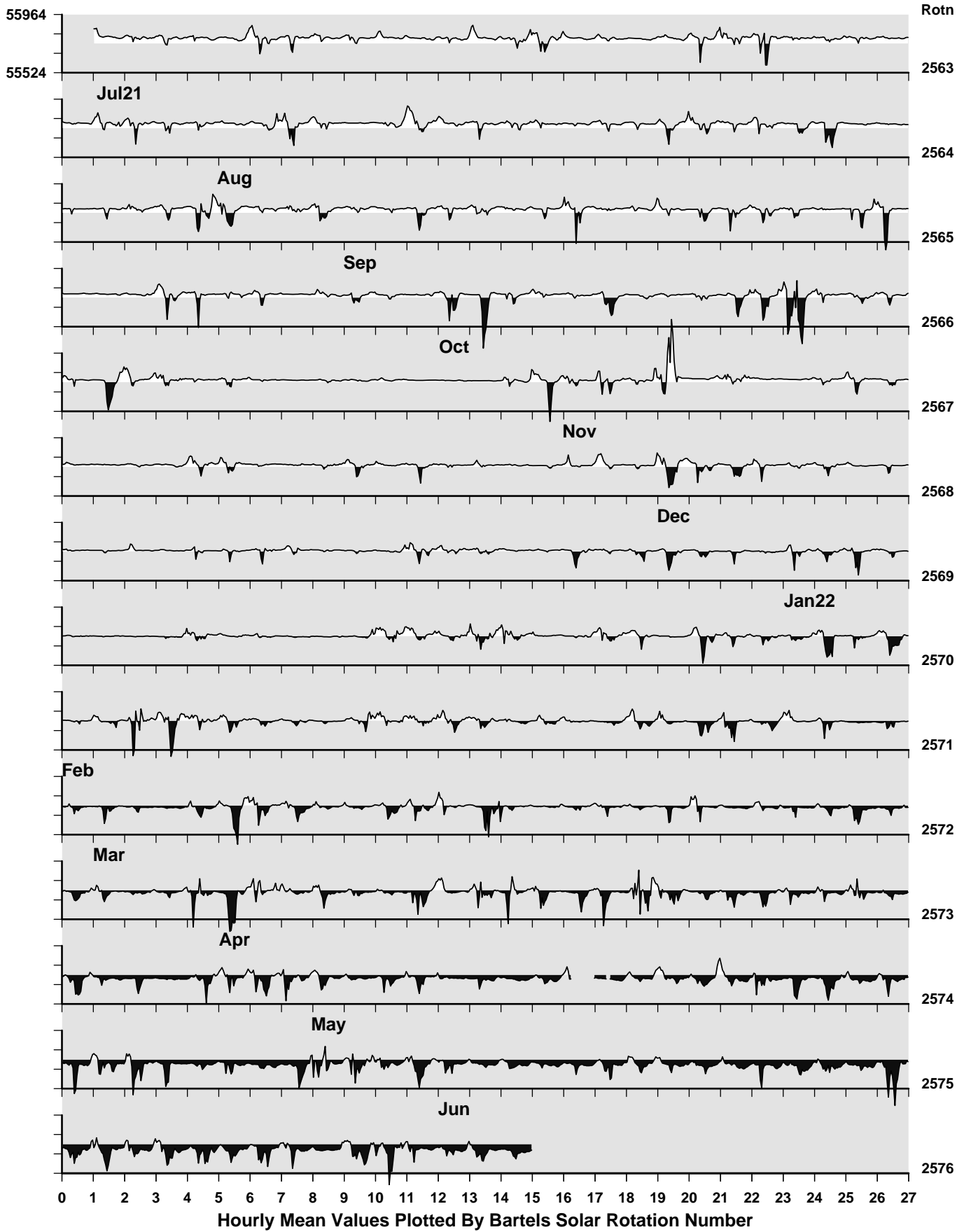


Hourly Mean Values Plotted By Bartels Solar Rotation Number

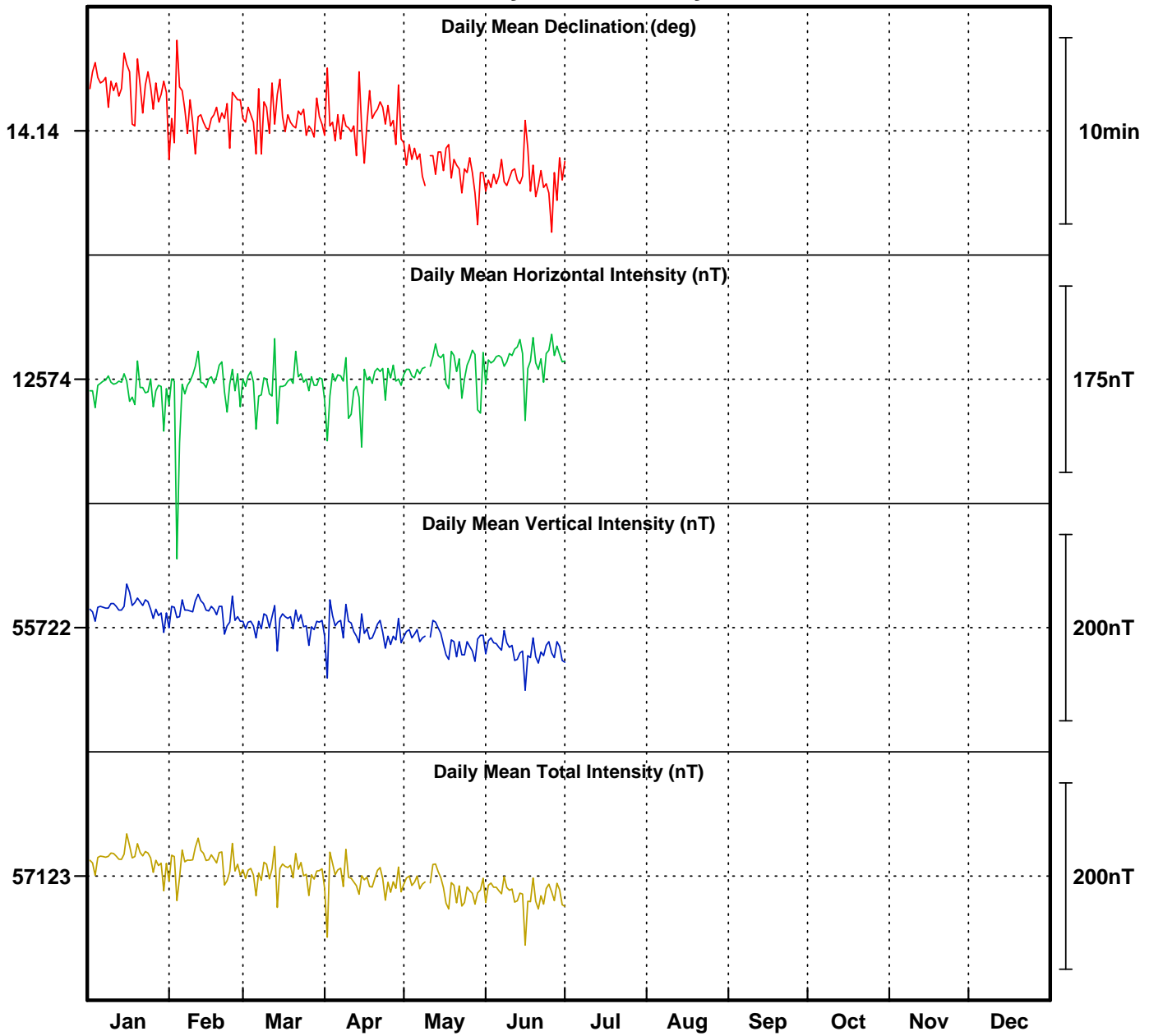
Fort McMurray Observatory: Horizontal Intensity (nT)



Fort McMurray Observatory: Vertical Intensity (nT)



Fort McMurray Observatory 2022



Monthly mean values for Fort McMurray Observatory 2022

Month	<i>D</i>	<i>H</i>	<i>I</i>	<i>X</i>	<i>Y</i>	<i>Z</i>	<i>F</i>
January	14° 10.7′	12565 nT	77° 17.9′	12182 nT	3078 nT	55743 nT	57142 nT
February	14° 9.4′	12564 nT	77° 17.8′	12183 nT	3073 nT	55740 nT	57138 nT
March	14° 9.1′	12569 nT	77° 17.4′	12188 nT	3073 nT	55727 nT	57126 nT
April	14° 9.0′	12568 nT	77° 17.3′	12187 nT	3072 nT	55719 nT	57119 nT
May	14° 6.4′	12586 nT	77° 16.2′	12206 nT	3067 nT	55709 nT	57113 nT
June	14° 5.9′	12593 nT	77° 15.6′	12214 nT	3068 nT	55697 nT	57103 nT

Note:

i. The values shown here are provisional.